BEAVER ARGUS

Wednesday, April 29th, 1863.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

TERMS—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per annum, IN ADVANCE; otherwise Two Dollars will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are settled.

☞ Letters and communications, by mail shall have prompt attention.

NEW-YORK TRIBUNE. 1863.

The New-York Tribune, first issued in 1841, in its twenty-second years, has obtained both a larger and a more widely diffused circulation than any other newspaper ever published in America. Though it has suffered, in common with other journals, from the volunteering and departure of tens of thousands of its patrons to serve in the War for the Union, its circulation on this 6th of December, 1862 is as follows:

Daily	50,125
Semi-Weekly	17,250
Weekly	148,000
Aggregate	215,375

Preeminently a journal of News and of Literature, The Tribune has political convictions which are well characterized by the single word Republican. It is Republican in its hearty adhesion to the great truth that "God has made of one blood all nations of men"—Republican in its assertion of the equal and inalienable rights of all men, to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness"—Republican in its steadfast, earnest, defiant hostility to every scheme and effort of the Slave Power, from the Annexation of Texas to the great Rebellion, to grasp the empire of the New World and wield the resources of our country for its own aggrandizement—Republican in its antagonism to the despots of the Old World, who fondly hail in the perils and calamities suddenly thrust upon us by their American counterpart the overthrow and ruin of the Model Republic—Republican in its hope and trust, its faith and effort, that this atrocious Rebellion must result in the signal overthrow of its plotters, and the firm establishment of equal rights and equal laws throughout the whole extent of our country, wherein Liberty and Union shall indeed be "one and inseparable" henceforth and forever.

The Tribune devotes attention in other times, and to some extent in these, to Education, Temperance, Agriculture, Inventions, and whatever else may minister to the spiritual and material progress and well-being of mankind; but for the present its energies and its columns are mainly devoted to the invigoration and success of the War for the Union. Its special correspondents accompany every available army and report every important incident of that great struggle, and the conclusive triumph of the National arms and in the restoration of Peace and Thrift to our distracted, bleeding country. We believe that not otherwise can a fuller or more accurate view of the progress and character of this momentous conflict be obtained than through the regular perusal of our columns. And we earnestly solicit the co-operation of friends of the National cause, which we regard and uphold as that of Universal Humanity, to aid us in extending its circulation.

TERMS.

The enormous increase in the price of printing paper and other materials used in printing newspapers, compels us to increase the price of The Tribune. Our new terms are:

DAILY TRIBUNE.

Single Copy	3 cents.
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WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One Copy, one year (52 issues)	$2
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Four Copies, one year	$15.

Any larger number, *addressed to names of subscribers*, $1.50 each. An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten.

Twenty Copies, *to one address*, one year, $25, and any larger number at same price. An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. To clubs of fifty THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be sent. To clubs of fifty THE DAILY TRIBUNE will be sent gratis.

Address THE TRIBUNE,
Tribune Buildings, New-York

When drafts can be procured it is much safer than to remit Bank Bills. The name of the Post-Office and State should in all cases be plainly written.

Subscribers who send money by Express, must prepay the Express charges, else it will be deducted from the remittance.

The Tribune Almanac for 1863 will be ready about Christmas.

"Union Hotel,"

BEAVER, PENN'A.

ALEX. CLARK, Proprietor

In addition to the conveniences of a first class Hotel, the Proprietor has fitted up in his house, in a complete and satisfactory manner, an

OYSTER SALOON,

where the best quality of Oysters may be obtained during their season, in any desired style. Families can be furnished with Oysters, by the can or dozen. The table is furnished with all the luxuries the PITTSBURG MARKET can afford.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited. dec17

PEN-KNIVES, Scissors, Gum Hair Pins, Purses, Port Monnies, Needles, Tweezers, Pencil-sharpeners, Spool Cotton, Thread, Pins, &c., for sale at the Drug Store of
ap22. DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 39--No. 17. Beaver, Wednesday, April 29, 1863. Established 1818

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of 75 cents per square—each subsequent insertion 25 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

A space equal to twelve lines of this type measured as a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

From the 101st Reg P. V.

Camp 101st Reg't. Pa. Vols. } Newberne, N. C, Apr. 14th, '63.

At a meeting in the camp of 101st Reg't., Pa. Vols., Col. Morris in the Chair, Lieut. Col. Armor and Capt. Compher Vice Presidents, and Lieut. Conley and Surgeon Rush Secretaries, the following committee, representing each county represented in the regiment, was nominated to draft resolutions expressing the feelings and sentiments of the Regiment: Maj. Taylor, Beaver; Lieut. Beegle, Bedford; Lieut. Lee, Cumberland; Capt. Clark, Tioga; Capt. Mays, Allegheny; Capt. Freeman, Lawrence; Lieut. Brown, Northumberland; Surgeon Rush, Lancaster; Lieut. Heppard, Philadelphia, and Capt. Bonner Adams. The following preamble and resolutions were submitted and unanimously adopted by the regiment.

Whereas, Treason and rebellion, aiming at the destruction of our great and free Nation, having broken out run high over a large portion of territory in the United States, denying her authority, followed by defaming her proudest recollections, insulting and committing violence to her flag, we hastened to her rescue, to share her fate or redeem her at a sacred price, and Whereas, certain parties in the land of our homes, to which we ever looked for strength and comfort, have given us unmistakable evidence of a want of loyalty, by withholding their support from the Government, by denouncing alike the Executive and the armies in the field, giving aid and comfort to traitors, we deem it our duty to give to the world a free expression of our sentiments; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we are now, as ever, unalterable in our determination to restore the Union entire, to break the coil of treason, to replace every stolen star on our insulted, yet glorious, banner.

Resolved, That we have unbounded faith and confidence in the President of the United States, believing his counsels inspired by the Great Source of infallable wisdom, seen in every act and proclamation.

Resolved, That, as true Pennsylvanians, support to the National Government, and his kind attention to the sick and wounded soldier, affording him, in many instances, the care of mothers and friends, and with pain we contrast his acts with the perfidious conduct of the late Legislature, which, in refusing, by their vote, the hall of liberty *to the cause of liberty*, inherited unenviable infamy by defaming its proudest memories.

Resolved, That to oppose, under any pretext, the present Administration, charged specially with the restoration of the Union, is an alliance with treason, and whoever so opposes, shall be branded as a coward, and held in deeper contempt than the more active enemy in the field.

Resolved, That he who demands a withdrawal of the Union armies before the are crowned with success, by deploring our ability to conquer, offers an insult which we indignantly spurn; or by appealing to our privations and sufferings, thus giving traitors unopposed sway and dominion, is guilty of the foulest strategy filled with treason, such shall even be alike unworthy the respect of his countrymen, and the associations of the soldier of the bivouac and battle-fields.

Resolved, That we hold it be the duty of every loyal citizen to aid the President and his constituted authorities in every measure necessary to strengthen and conduct his armies in the field to a successful issue, and with humiliation and pain should we learn that any opposition shall be permitted to exist, unrebuked, in a loyal community.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the papers of the counties represented in the 101st Pa. Vols.

Maj. A. W. Taylor, *Pres't.*
Surgeon D. G. Rush, *Sec'y.*

Pennsylvania in Kentucky.—The Louisville *Journal* says: When the history of this war is written, Kentucky will be as greatly in arrears of gratitude to the Keystone State as to any other other sisters, for its assistance has been as generous and hearty as it was prompt. The names of Negley, Stambaugh, Wynkoop, Williams, Jordon, Brown, and others, omitted from no invidious motive, will always be remembered in our Commonwealth for their gallant services. Their commands were among the first called to the State by the General Government for its defence, and there is hardly a county from the Big Sandy to the Mississippi, or from the Ohio to our Southern border in which they have not visited and performed effective work. Among the more recent arrivals has been the 45th Pennsylvania regiment, under command of Col. Curtin, which is now at Camp Dick Robinson, having left Paris on the 10th inst., where it was encamped on the Fair Grounds. The *Citizen* says it is one of the best drilled regiments it has seen, and won golden opinions from the Parisians for its orderly and good conduct during its sojourn in their midst.

The Conscription Law Explained and Defended.

Much has been said by the "copperheads," in reference to the provisions of the Conscription Act passed during the last session of Congress. One will lift up his bronzed head and say the provisions of the Act are oppressive to the poor, another will add, that the Congress that framed and passed such a bill are traitors to their country, while the third one bitterer than all others, will add, "yes, and hanging is too good for them." Every course is pursued to sour the minds of the public, and particularly the poorer class, and to accomplish this they talk of the Conscription Act as being oppressive to the poor.

It is one of the brightest Acts of the Thirty Seventh Congress. In that law, is shown the humanity, justice and patriotism of that body, although they are accused of treason by the "copperheads," who care no more about the Government than though it were valueless.

For the purpose of showing clearly the intention of the bill, with reference to the poor class, we give the following letter, written to Fernando Wood by Senator Wilson, who was one of the framer of the bill, and who should, and does, understand it much better than those who denounce it, and allege that it is oppressive to the poor. He says:

Hon. Fernando Wood: Sir—You are everywhere recognized as the brain, the heart, the soul, the philosopher and guide of the Mozart Hall Democratic faction of the City of New York. Your restless brain inspires its utterances; your plastic hand moulds and fashions its action. Surely, then, it is fit that you should be held responsible for the utterances and acts of your liege clansmen who are wont to assemble in Mozart Hall and do your bidding.

Inspired by your counsels, Mozart Hall pronounces against the "Act for enrolling and calling out the national forces," to preserve this "act for the preservation of our periled country make an infamous distinction between the rich and the poor!" Sir, this accusation is false, wickedly, wantonly and infamously false—a foul, shameless and damnable libel upon the law and its framers. The oft-repeated avowals of red-handed traitors, whose souls are stained with the blood of our murdered countrymen, that this accursed rebellion now upon us was forced upon them by the aggressions of the liberty loving people of the loyal States, are not more shamelessly, wantonly and wickedly false than is this declaration of Mozart Hall, that the Conscription Act makes distinction in favor of the rich, and against the poor.

Pray, sir, do not misunderstand me. Of course I cannot mean to accuse Mozart Hall of intentional falsehood. Oh, no! Surely no one would suspect Mozart Hall of intentional falsehood or misrepresentation! Its considerate moderation, its lively sense of justice, its admitted patriotism, its stainless purity of character, will rescue Mozart Hall from the suspicion of intentional misrepresentation or falsehood!

Of course, sir, this shameless accusation against the provisions of the Conscription Act was inspired by ignorance—not by falsehood. This exhibition of sheer ignorance concerning the provisions of this proscribed law of the nation will, perhaps, be excused and pardoned in view of the manifestations of that intense, passionate, out-spoken loyalty of Mozart Hall is wont to put forth in behalf of the government. It is, nevertheless, an agreeable spectacle to see you, sir, and your Mozart patriots whose exquisite regard for human rights is only equaled by that deep concern for the country which impels you to delve into the mysteries of negotiations with the Richmond traitors, groping along in utter ignorance of the provisions of a law framed expressly to more effectually defend the endangered nation, lighten the burden of the Treasury and the people, equalize the duties, and relieve, as far as possible, the toiling dependent poor from the hard, if not harsh, provisions of existing militia laws.

But, sir, it matters not whether this accusation of Mozart Hall against the Conscription Act was born of ignorance or falsehood. It is equally fallacious, deceptive, mischievous. It is an accusation flung before the people by the reckless hand of demagogueism, to poison the heart and mislead the reason. Surely the heart, conscience and reason of a loyal people will mark and brand the brain that conceived, the hand that penned and the tongue that proclaimed this foul, wicked and shameless calumny against an act which bears the amplest evidence in every line, that its framers intended its burdens should fall as light as possible on the toiling masses.

Sir, this "Act for enrolling and calling out the national forces" was framed to be more efficient for war purposes than were the existing militia laws, less burdensome upon the Treasury and the people than were the existing statutes. These objects, sanctioned by patriotism, economy, justice and humanity, were ever kept steadily in view, and they have been attained as nearly as the unequal lot of humanity will permit in this law, so fiercely denounced by the Mozart Hall Democracy, at your bidding. Yes, sir, this law, enthusiastically welcomed by the armies of the republic, referred to by other nations as the highest evidence of the determined purposes of the American government, dreaded by the armed traitors, and denounced by rebel sympathizers, bears in every section and in every line, evidence of the patriotism, justice and humanity of the Thirty-Seventh Congress. Its just and humane provisions perpetually give the lie to the accusation of Mozart Hall, that it makes an infamous distinction between the rich and the poor.

Contrast, sir, the provisions of this denounced act with the provisions of the existing militia laws of the United States, and of your own State of New York. By the provisions of the existing militia law the President is authorized to call into the service of the United States, the militia of the States. By the laws of the United States, and by the laws of New York, certain classes of persons are excepted and exempted from military duty, from being drafted into the service of the United States. Are these exempt, the poor who have widowed mothers, aged and infirm parents motherless, infant children, or fatherless and mother young brothers and sisters dependent on their labor for support? No, not these. Neither the laws of the nation nor the laws of New York exempt the poor who have the aged, the infirm, the helpless, dependent upon them. At the call of the government they must leave widowed mothers, aged and infirm parents, fatherless and motherless sisters and brothers, and motherless infant children, all dependent on their daily toil for support, and hie away to the camp and battle field!

Who, then, are exempted by the militia laws of the United States, or of the State of New York? The exempts are not the poor, the dependent sons of toil, but the most fortunate favored of the people, the members and ministers of the judicial officers and other officials.

This "Act for enrolling and calling out of the national forces," denounced by your Mozart Hall followers for making distinctions between the rich and the poor, excepts and exempts not members of Congress, not custom-house officers, not postmasters, not Government clerks, not the State judiciaries, not ministers of the Gospel and professors and students in colleges—no! not those fortunate and favored class of men, for it enrolls them and requires them either to fight, furnish substitutes, or pay for substitutes. Who, then, does this law, so flippantly denounced by Mozart Hall Democracy, except and exempt?

This law, framed by you, sir, and your clansmen excepts and exempts, first, the Vice Preisident of the United States, the Judges of the various Courts of the United States, the heads of the vario executive department of the Goverment, and the Governors of the several States; second, the only son, liable to military duty, of a widow dependent upon his labor for support; third, the only son of aged and infirm parent or parents dependent on his labor for support; fourth, where there are two or more sons of aged or infirm parents subject to draft, the elder, or, if he be dead, the mother may elect which son shall be exempt; fifth, the only brother of children under 12 years old, having neither father nor mother, dependent upon his labor for support; sixth, the father of motherless children under 12 years of age, dependent upon his labor for support; seventh, where there are a father and two sons in the same family and housd, and two of them are in the military service of the United States as commissioned officers, musicians or privates, the reciduo of such family or household, not exceeding two, be exempt; eighth, young men bon the ages of 18 and 20 are exempt for the reason that experience proves that soldiers under 20 years of age cannot sustain the burdens of care so well as men between the ages of 20 and 35.

These, sir, the exemptions of the Conscription Act, (so called) in favor of the poor upon whose daily toil the aged, firm and the helpless rely. In making "infamous distinctions between the rich and the poor," to exempt the only sons of poor widows, to exempt members of Congress to procure substitutes or pay substitutes? Is it making an "infamous distinction between the rich and the poor" to exempt the only sons, or infirm parents dependent upon them for bread, to exempt custom house officers to procure substitutes, or pay for substitutes? Is making infamous distinction between the rich and the poor" to exempt the only brothers of fatherless and helpless little brothers and sisters dependent upon their daily toil for bread, and compel postmasters, government clerks to fight, procure substitutes, or pay for substitutes? Is "making infamous distinction between the rich and the poor" to exempt the father of motherless infant children, dependent upon their daily toil for sustenance, and to compel State judges, justices of the peace, clergymen and college professors to fight, procure substitutes, or pay for substitutes?—This law which thus discriminates in favor of the poor is denounced and accused by Mozart Hall! Shame on Mozart Hall! Shame on the men who misrepresent the beneficent provisions of an act passed to uphold the cause of our imperiled country!

The 13th section of this Conscription act provides that any person drafted and notified to appear as aforesaid may, on or before the day fixed for his appearance, furnish an acceptable substitute to take his place in the draft; or he may pay to such person as the Secretary of War may authorize to receive it, such sum, not exceeding three hundred dollars, as the Secretary may determine, for the procuration of such substitute, which sum shall be fixed at a uniform rate by a general order made at the time of ordering a draft for State or Territory. Any person may furnish an acceptable substitute to take his place in the draft at any price for which he can procure one. Every drafted man is at liberty to furnish a substitute at such rate as he may agree to pay the substitute; or any drafted man may pay such sum, not exceeding three hundred dollars, as the Secretary of War may determine, to procure a substitute.

The sum determined upon by the Secretary cannot exceed three hundred dollars; it may be ten, fifty, one hundred, two hundred, or any sum within the limits of three hundred dollars. This provision of allowing a sum not to exceed three hundred dollars to be paid to the Government to procure substitutes was put into the law for the sole and single purpose of keeping down the price of substitutes, so that men of very moderate means and poor men could more readily obtain substitutes. This provision enables the Secretary to fix the sum which will be the price of substitutes. Without this provision, it was believed, that the price of substitutes would go up at once to one thousand dollars, so that none but rich men could obtain them. If any drafted man can obtain a substitute for a sum [illegible] to fix a sum from one dollar to three hundred dollars, was purposely given to check speculations, to keep down the price of substitutes, and it must inevitably do so. Thus partisan malignity, in its blindness and madness, perverts a measure framed solely in the interest of drafted men of moderate means and of drafted poor men, into a distinction in favor of the rich and against the poor. Surely, sir, the folly, and madness, and wickedness of even Mozart Hall partizans cannot further go.

Sir, this act for enrolling and calling out the national forces gives assurance to the world that it is the unalterable purpose of the nation to crush out this wicked rebellion. Your denunciatisns of its provisions can only fire the hearts and nerve the arms of traitors, thus putting in peril the holy cause of our country, and the precious blood of our heroic defenders. Your denunciations of this benevolent act of national defence, by reviving the warning hopes of the rebellion may force upon the Government the necessity of putting into execution the draft provided for by this act. That draft cannot be averted except by promptly weaponing the willing hands of the loyal men in the rebel States and immediately yielding a united and enthusiastic support to the Government, thus speedily and thoroughly crushing the hopes and effectually baffling the efforts of the rebels.

Henry Wilson.

Hoosier Obituary.—Mistur Edatur Jem bangs, we are sorry to stait, has desized. He departed this Life last Munday. Jem was generally considered a gud feller. He dide at the age of 23 years old. He went forth without any struggle, and such is Life.—To Da we are as pepper grass—mighty smart—to Morro, we are cut down like a cowcumber of the ground.—Jem kept a nice store, which his wife now wates on. His purchews was numerous. Menny is the things we bot at his growcery, and we are happy to stait he never cheeted, espeshully in the wate of mackrel, which was nise and smelt sweet and his surviving wife is the same wa. We never new him to put sand, in his shugar, tho he had a big sand bar in front of his house; nor water in his Lickers, tho the Ohio river ran past his dore. Piece to his remains.

☞ John Minor Botts, of Va., so long incarcerated in the Libby prison and in Sailsbury, N. C., has been released through the intercposition of a friend, an extensive purchase of tobacco, and has permission to remain on his estate, near Gordonsville, under the pledge of not aiding or abetting the Union cause.

A Heroine.—The Altoona (*Pa.*) Register tells of a female just returned to that city after a service of eighteen months in the army, without having her sex discovered. She took part in three battles, and was wounded twice, first above the eye and then in the arm, the latter wound compelling her to disclose her sex.

Southern Hints.

The result of the Connecticut, election turns out to be a sore affliction to the rebels at Richmond. They had evidently fixed their hopes upon the triumph of Seymour, which would have been to them equal to a victory in arms. How they writhe under the defeat of their party may be seen by the annexed passage from the Richmond Dispatch:

"The Connecticut election has gone against the Democrats. Gold has fallen on the strength of the Republican success, obtained no doubt by bribery, and the hopes which rested on the triumph of Seymour have fallen to the ground. The importance of this defeat of the Democracy cannot well be exaggerated, for if the result had been otherwise the northwest would have risen, the peace party would have been organized on a permanent basis, the next meeting of Congress would have been followed by a summary abrogation of the imperial powers bestowed upon Lincoln by the abolition Congress just ended, and a cessation of hostilities might have been confidently looked for at or before the close of the present year. No wonder Lincoln threw the whole weight of his immense patronage in favor of Buckingham. We may be sure that greenbacks were scattered broadcast throughout the State; that the enormous enginery of corruption in the hands of the Dictator and his minions was brought to bear with irresistible force against the "copperheads." Lincoln has succeeded; Connecticut is lost; and with it goes the hope of an early peace, based upon party action at the north which so many entertained."

This rebel organ does not speak in ignorance. It knows whereof it affirms, and there can be little doubt that the conspiracy of which Seymour was the representative looked to precisely such results as are here depicted. The revelations made in the case of the Berks county secret order showed that all over the north this desperate scheme has been in progress, and that everywhere the aim was just what was boasted in treasonous in the testimony—to form the North West into a new republic, a foreign peace with the south, and a summary abrogation" of the laws and powers of President Lincoln. Here is the correct word stated in the Dispatch, of which the witness retained only an indistinct remembrance. He thought it was either the "abduction" or "abdication" of President Lincoln. It now turns out that it was the "abrogation" of his office and power.

The rebels looked anxiously to the Connecticut election a holding out to them the hope of a speedy peace.—They imagined that their northern Democratic allies could, by means of election frauds and chicanery, manage to obtain a verdict in their favor in a majority of the northern States, which would be sufficient to encourage more desperate action by Democratic governors, judges or legislatures, and that they could thus overthrow the national government without much difficulty. Now that such a prospect fades away, the Dispatch threatens us, in language which cannot be misunderstood, with a revolutionary outbreak by the northern Democrats. We quote it:

"It was not philanthropy alone, or a large hearted sympathy for the south, that brought from Vallandigham and Seymour those earnest aspirations, those fervent entreaties, those eloquent appeals for peace which the southern press have lately republished. It was common sense, the far-seeing perception of intellects not dulled by fanaticism, a certain looking for yard to the wrath to come—when the measure of Lincoln's enormities shall be full, his power consolidated, his satraps and soldiers swarming in every stronghold, city, village and hamlet in the land, his unbridled inflicting daily cruelties greater and still greater upon all who dare to oppose him—when, in a word, the bitter fruits of despotism being fully ripe, the hour shall strike for a people oppressed by intolerable tyranny, but remembering the freedom so lately lost, to rise in their might, unarmed and unequipped, yet burning with vengeful fury, to contend against the armed, organized, perfectly drilled and skilfully officered legions of the oppressor. Then will come back the poisoned chalice which the scornful and vainglorious north commended to the lips of the south. Then a revolution fiercer than that which desolated France will begin, to end no man knows where or how. Then the blood of their slaughtered southern brethern, which has been so long crying from the ground for vengeance, will be appeased by the sights and sounds of terror, the conflagrations, massacres, riots, battles, great and small, which will sweep the north from one end to the other.—Provoke war, so slow to engage in it, will know what war is. Hitherto it has been a pretty pastime to them. They have reaped riches, honors, offices from it. Then will it be what they have made it to us of the south; nay, worse, far worse. And when that rightful time comes, as come it surely will, the innocent and the guilty must suffer alike."

It would be idle in us to shut our eyes to the fact that all that is here threatened has been deliberately plotted by the Democratic leaders in the free States, and is constantly being inculcated in the secrecy of oath-bound orders like the one recently detected in Berks county.—*Phil. N. Amer.*

Skill Displayed by our Gunners.

Since the commencement of the war the skill displayed by our army and naval artillery, men has excited universal comment. The rebels have at times, shown great accuracy in their aim, but generally under peculiar circumstances. Their fortresses or batteries obtain after long practice great precision in striking vessels or bodies of troops within a certain ranges. This accuracy of aim is obtained by their practicing at targets at such points as an attacking force must pass. The guns are brought to bear upon such particular points, and when our troops or gunboats approach they are severely handled.

When such accuracy is displayed by the rebel gunners, an immediate change of position should be made—The result will be that the rebels will shoot wide of the mark. This has been evinced several times already during the war, but was particularly noticeable in the case of the iron-clad Monitor, when she attacked Fort M'Allister. She had assumed a position which was one the rebels had practiced at. The result was, they struck her some forty-six times in quick succession. She moved, and then their firing at her and the fleet was very wild. Her example might serve in other cases, and we hope it will.—When our officers find they are just in the positions the rebels have practised at, let them move! The result will be a great falling off in the skill displayed by the rebel gunners. Our vessels-of-war, as well as our artillery army trains, shoot with an accuracy which is considered wonderful by all foreign officers who have visited us—world.

Planting Raspberries

A correspondent of the London Cottage Gardener says that he has a method of planting raspberries which he considers superior to any other. The ground is thoroughly prepared by the time the suckers are about a foot or fifteen inches high. He selects the strongest suckers that are well rooted, and is particular to have a good fibrous root with a good collar, although the leaves are small. The holes are dug and three plants put in each, in a triangle, about nine inches apart, spreading the roots out nicely; fill in the soil, give a good watering, and the work is done. He says that he has tried various ways planting, but none have succeeded as well as this.

Sowing Flower Seeds.

The soil for flowers should be made as rich as possible with well rotted stable manure, and pulverized very finely. The seeds should be very slightly covered by raking with a small iron rake. They should be carefully tended, and soil kept moist with water from a vessel that has been left standing in the sun. Keep clear of weeds. Should the plants come up too thickly, thin them and transplant after a rain whenever you may wish them. These should be protected against the midday sun for a couple of days, until they become established. It is impossible to obtain fine flowers unless the ground be well prepared and made very rich with the best measure.

An Honorable Act.—The Barnstable Patriot of the 14th, says that Henry H. Crocker, of New-York—late of the firm of Crocker & Sturgis, of Boston, which failed in 1852, at the time owing the Barnstable Saving Institution the sum of $900—last week sent the treasurer of that institution $1100, being the full amount of the debt with interest.

☞ "I cannot conceive, my dear, what's the matter with my watch; I think it must want cleaning," was the exclamation of an indulgent husband to his better half the other day. "No, Pa," said his petty little daughter, "I know it don't want cleaning, because baby and I washed it in the basin, ever so long, this morning."

☞ The estate of the late Stephen A. Douglas, in Chicago, has been inventoried at Seven Hundred Thousand dollars, but there are incumbrances upon it equal to its appraised value. The executors report that there is no personal property.

☞ Union Clubs are being organised in all the principal towns in California. Loyalty there is as enthusiastic as in any of the Northern States.—Treason, with all its bold attempts, finds no resting place in the gold commonwealth.

BEAVER ARGUS

Wednesday, April 29th, 1863.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

For Supreme Judge,

HON. DANIEL AGNEW,

OF BEAVER COUNTY.

NOTICE.

HAVING disposed of my interest in the Beaver *Argus*, all those indebted to me for subscription, job work, etc., will please call and settle immediately with J. L. Anderson, who is authorized to receipt in my name.
Feb. 19, '62. T. C. NICHOLSON.

NOTICE TO CANDIDATES.—No announcement of name will, hereafter, be made without payment of Two DOLLARS—excepting Coroner, Auditor, &c., which will be ONE DOLLAR

OPENING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.—Eastern mail will be open at 9. a. m., and close at 4, p. m. Western mail will close at 7:30, a. m.; open at 6 p. m.

☞ If the carrier fails to deliver the *Argus* regularly to any of our subscribers, they will much oblige by giving us notice.

☞ We again say to correspondents that no communication will be published in the *Argus* unless the name of the the author is given us.

☞ The Union League, of Beaver, will meet every Friday evening, at the Court House.

A Word to Loyal Democrats.

We desire to address a few lines, dictated only by a spirit of kindness, to the loyal Democrats of the country. When we speak of loyal Democrats, we mean the great mass of the Democratic party. That some of the leaders of the party are disloyal has been clearly shown by their conduct, voluntary admissions of themselves and friends, and more recently by the testimony of Lord Lyons. But we have always, and still have, abiding faith in the loyalty and patriotism of the masses of the party. Many may, in the heat of argument, when aroused by abuse and uncalled for invectives against the Administration, that they believe and know to be governed in every measure by honesty and patriotism, they may when thus excited say hard things of the opposition and unjustly accuse the party. Remember, however, that equally bitter reproachity, the term abolition is equally unjust when applied to us as a party.—The charge of crimination and recrimination belongs equally to both parties. That it is uncalled for, wrong and injurious to society national welfare, we admit, and hope it will not continue. But starting now upon the assumption, or rather assertion, of a well known fact that the Democratic party as a mass are loyal, we intend to show it, all candor and kindness, that you are fast drifting to a position where you must give up loyalty or forsake party. And, first, we allege that the man who to day stands highest in your party, who is endorsed by your leaders, by your press—whose speeches are circulated and referred to as the exposition of your political faith, and who in fact is *the* leader of your party, is a disloyal man. It is not necessary to enter into an argument to prove this, as your own admissions are sufficient for this purpose. Less than six months ago it was found necessary for your public journals to prove, by a labored defence, that he was not endorsed and not recognized by the party. In this District your papers had to resort to the record to show that your candidate for Congress had not even voted with him. In your papers, speeches and conversations, you denounced him as bitterly as we now do. Why this sudden change?—Valandigham says he stands where he always did, in opposition to the war and the Government. It is clear, then, that you have drifted a long way from your moorings in the last six months, and your disloyal leaders, unperceived by you, have skillfully guided the bark down the stream that calls eventually in disloyalty without guise. Again you are educated by the teachings and publications of your leaders to believe the laws are oppressive, unconstitutional and impliedly that they should be resisted.—The Conscription Act is pointed at as wrong, hard and oppressive in its operation, and then it is artfully said it is but little wonder such laws are resisted. Cannot you see that such teachings are intended to arouse the timid and fearful to resist the law. Look at its effect already. In Ohio armed men of your party rescue and protect deserters from the army from arrest. In Pennsylvania we find, in one county alone, a thousand men united, armed and sworn to resist the law. All over the country the same intention is proclaimed by some of your party. Resistance to the laws is treason. Thousands, then, under the teachings of your party, who heretofore were loyal are now in open hostility to the laws, and are guilty of treason. You hear men say almost every day that they will fight before they will submit to the enforcement of the conscript act. They are traitors so denominated by the constitution, yet they justify their conduct by quoting the speeches of your leaders about the unconstitutionality of the act, its oppressiveness or the transgressions of the Administration. The constant abuse of those in power, the continued cry of violated constitution and usurpation, denouncing, deriding the laws is insidiously leading you to believe that those in power are not entitled to your respect, or the laws to your obedience. Hence the thousands of sworn traitors in Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania and elsewhere in the North. Treason and insurrection always begin in this way. Every man who refuses obedience or resists, or even counsels or intends resistance to the laws, is a traitor.—We ask you candidly, do you not hear men of your party counseling and threatening resistance? Do you not know that the laws have been resisted and unions formed to resist? You cannot help but know it, as the fact has been proved, beyond controversy. One year ago this was not so of the Democratic party. It is evident then, you are drifting toward a stand point of opposition to the Government itself. Another fact we ask you to consider. You have all seen extracts from the Southern papers showing that the press of the South are leading the people to believe that our divisions and dissensions promise great things for them. They are much encouraged and rejoiced at it. They argue from the fact as they allege that the Democrats are getting into power that we will soon have to stop the war on them and settle our difficulties at home. In short they look upon a Democratic triumph in the North as a triumph for them. Not that they expect so much favor from the Democracy as they calculate upon the opposition to our Government from your success. Thus they confidently expect from your opposition that our warfare upon them must soon cease and their independence be acknowledged. In a late number of the London *Times*, and also in the letter of Lord Lyons, our enemies in Europe are encouraged with the same hope. You, then, can [illegible] patriotic loyalty ever be found where the enemies of the Government are encouraged and strengthened? We conceive we have now shown that your party is in a wrong position and that as patriots you *cannot, ought not*, to remain with it. You must then reform the party, forsake the leaders or forsake the party. Recollect the action and position of every one will be remembered. For the sake of yourselves and your children, don't allow yourselves to occupy a position for a moment where your loyalty may justly be suspected.

☞ JUDGE AGNEW delivered his justly celebrated lecture on the "Adaptation of the Federal Constitution to a of State Insurrection," before the "Union League," in the M. E. Church, Bridgewater, on last Thursday evening. Although the evening was very unpleasant, there was a respectable and intelligent audience present—And never, we think, was an audience better entertained or paid for their attendance. The lecture occupied two hours in delivery, and was listened to with undiminished attention throughout.

It was a calm, dispassionate, logical, and unanswerable argument, showing the perfect adaptation of the constitution to every want of the nation in a state of rebellion. The authority of the President to suspend the writ of *Habeas Corpus*, make seizures and arrests, issue the Emancipation Proclamation and declare martial law, was clearly proved. Every objection urged by those who seek to embarrass the Government by pointing out the alleged violation of the Constitution and exercise of power not there in contained, was met and conclusively answered. The President might take this lecture and write upon it as President Jackson did on the speech of Douglass, "this is my defence."—We cannot, and will not, attempt to give an outline of the argument, as we would only do injustice to the subject. We understand it is being published so all may obtain it. It should be in the hands of every loyal man, adapted so completely as it is, to the time and to the want of the loyal people of the nation.

SCHOOL EXHIBITION.—We learn from Mr. S. H. Piercol, Principal of the Union School of Rochester, that an Exhibition to be given by the Pupils of his school, will take place in the school hall of that place, on Friday evening, May 1st. All are cordially invited to attend.

Common Schools.

Our system of education in Pennsylvania has frequently been spoken of by persons, who were wise in their own conceit, with indifference. Playing upon the word *common*, and distorting its true meaning from that intended by the authors of the benign institution, it is perverted to mean schools for the common people. We know of no order of nobility in our country. Here the high, the low, the rich and the poor, upon republican principles, meet together on the same common basis, and it should not be, and *really* is not, a test of respectability, whether your child is taught in the common school or at the most renowned and time-honored college within the reach of influence and wealth. It never was intended, and ought not now, to be a question, whether the son or daughter of the poor or wealthy man possessed one or five talents. Each of them has been entrusted by their Creator with certain degrees of intelligence, for the improvement or misimprovement of which they are accountable to Him. With the facilities afforded to the youth of the present day, for acquiring a liberal education, our National welfare in the future might be correctly foretold, by the repetition of that old saying; "thou art the hopes of my country." Perhaps we are too fondly attached to the interests of common schools, and may, therefore, be considered partial, in thus expressing our preference for a different man than the appointee to the position of Superintendent of Common Schools of Pennsylvania. Reposing entire confidence in the selection of Mr. Coburn, by our worthy Governor, yet we will be excused in saying that there is no one within the range of our acquaintance whom we would have preferred to Thos. Nicholson, Esq., of this county. Although he did not consent to become an applicant for the important post, his numerous friends in this section of the State had fondly hoped for the interests of education, that he would have accepted.

The Directors have an important duty to perform in the selection of a County Superintendent. We are not informed whether Mr. Carothers again desires the appointment, but if not, we hope to see one fill his place with credit and efficiency, as he has deserved the approbation of all true friends of education.

mysterious dispensation of Providence, R. G. M'Gregor had lost his reason.—*Star*

FOR THE ARGUS.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 17.

MR. EDITOR:—I notice in your issue of the 15th inst., a communication, extracted from the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, in which the writer strongly and ably urges the of Hon. DANIEL AGNEW for nomination to the office of Judge of the Supreme Court, by the Union Convention, for the State of Pennsylvania. Although without any experience in political matters, I know of no one better qualified to discharge the duties of that high and honorable position than the gentleman in question. There are many considerations, apart from his profound legal knowledge, that should entitle him to the nomination. He is well and favorably known throughout the entire State; has always borne a character beyond reproach, and is (a phenomenon, lamentably rare at the present day,) *an honest man*. Add to these the fact well known, that Judge Agnew has never been an office-seeker, which latter consideration should strongly recommend him to the approaching convention. It is manifestly to the interest of the citizens of Beaver county, and the State in general, to have an honest, fearless and truly patriotic man on the Supreme Bench. This, we are confident, will be the case if Judge Agnew is elected. Will not the people of "Old Beaver" use all honorable means to have his name placed upon the Union ticket? Loyal men of every party will support him; and once nominated it is safe to predict that he will be elected by a triumphant majority.

BEAVER.

FOR THE ARGUS.

FREEDOM, April 21 '63.

The closing exercises of the Public Schools of Freedom Boro.' took place on the evening of the 15th of April, in the Presbyterian Church, under the direction of Mr. C. Boggs, Principals. The exercises consisted of original and selected speeches dialogues, essays, and excellent music by the Freedom band. Some of the performers exhibited talent, which, if properly trained and cultivated, would fit them for any profession in life. The large church was crowded to its capacity, and yet all went away fully satisfied with the programme and time thus spent. At the conclusion a vote of thanks was tendered to the teachers, for the able manner in which they had conducted their several schools.

The school year sums up thus:—never in the history of our town have we had as *good* a school: which result has been attained through the untiring energy of Mr. C. Boggs, and Misses Robinson and Porterfield; which is attested by the fact that before the school was closed the Directors engaged the service of the same Teachers for the next school-year of eight months, commencing May 4th. K.

FOR THE ARGUS.

MR. EDITOR:—It was with great pleasure I read the resolution of the County Meeting at Beaver, on the 18th inst., commending the Hon. DANIEL AGNEW, to the favorable consideration of the people of the State, as a candidate for Supreme Judge. All who know Judge Agnew believe that he possesses those qualities necessary for the position. Of his legal knowledge and sound judicial mind, every lawyer is convinced. His opinions are models as terse, energetic, concise rhetoric, and on the Supreme Bench would display a vigor of thought and style not seen since the days of Chief Justice Gibson. His acute perception of the mysteries of a cause, and the rapid application of correct principles of law to the same, has often astonished those who, for the first time, have seen him on the Bench. His legal mind has not only familiarized itself with the ordinary principles of his profession, but it has grasped those great Constitutional truths upon which our Government is based. His exceedingly able lecture on "The Constitution as applied to a state of insurrection," has attracted the attention of the leading minds of the country, and is pronounced the ablest expose of the powers of the General Government in a state of rebellion. He is thus a man who, by his candidate legal knowledge and profound intellect, would do honor to his State and the Court of which he was a member.

But pre-eminent as he is in his profession for his learning, he is much more so in the private walks of life for his social and moral virtues. He is truly a pure and upright man—one who is loved, admired and respected by all who know him for these virtues, more than for the laurels he has won in his profession.

Judge Agnew has been a citizen of this county for thirty-four years, and every citizen, irrespective of partizan feeling, has a natural pride in his abilities and the honors he may attain. May we not expect that the Convention that meets at Pittsburg, will recognize the claims due to the Western part of the State, and at the same time pay a tribute to true worth.—Should it do so, and the people elect Judge Agnew, of which there can be no reasonable doubt, we will have a man on the Bench who will be indefatigable in his labors to give proper construction to our laws, and whose purity of character will place him above every suspicion of unworthy motive, in his judicial action.

UNION.

NEW BRIGHTON, Apr. 25, '63.

Teachers' Institute.

The Teachers' Institute, according to adjournment, met at the Union School House, in Beaver, on Saturday, April 25th, for the purpose of organizing a permanent Institute. The house was called to order by Mr. Taysecretary, *pro tem*. Prof. Smith being called upon delivered an address showing the objects of the Institute, and the different methods of conducting them.

Prof. S. H. Piersol followed with an able and interesting discourse, on the subjects of spelling and writing; showing very conclusively that spelling is too much neglected, especially in some of our highest school's Academies, &c., and that this branch of education is one of the primary objects of the Public Schools.

Mr. Boggs, of Freedm, made some excellent remarks on to duties of the Teachers' Profession.

Mr. Taylor made remarks on different subjects connected with the Institute.

A pressing invitation is extended to all Teachers, and those who contemplate adopting it profession, as well as all lovers of learning who can conveniently, to unite with us in forwarding the cause of ucation.

We hope none will be backward. ness in uniting with and in giving their aid and suppo We trust a reciprocal benefit will be realized by all the members, and the advantages derived may be full realized by all the pupils under the instruction.—Let the Teachers' Institute be one of the best appendages of the School System. Come one, come all. The next Institute meets at the Union School House, in Rochester, the 9th of May, at 9, A. M.

INSTITUTE.

ST. LOUIS, April —Dispatches received at headqua announce the arrival of General vill's command at Cape Girardeau yesterday. That place is now entir safe against attack, it being well fied and fully garrisoned.

Pilot Knob is al garded secure, and such a disp n of our has been made as will edily result in driving the rebels of the State.

Major McConn been exchanged, and is understo have revealed to the proper aut s all he knows of the strength a igns of the enemy. The rebels occupied Fredericksburg, twen miles east of Pilot Knob.

Gov. Gamble lled four regiments from the n from this district, into activ ce for thirty days, in consequ extensive kidnapping in this s

Gen. Curtis has an order that no negro be pe to be taken from the city wi special permit be granted by a t or General Provost Marsha

ST. LOUIS, A —A dispatch from General H dated Cape Girardeau, sen s the enemy are moving off Gen. McNeil has started in p

Another dispa General McNeil some wo er, says that "Gen. Van Dov ed the repulsed enemy last king a large number of pris ses, arms, &c. I am in pursuit ying enemy, who are retre ards Bloomfield."

Treason Again Rebuked.

The following resolution were reported and adopted at a meeting of the members of the 169th Reg. Pa. M.

WHEREAS, From the accounts which reach us from the North, there appears to be a combination of persons forming there, whose object is avowed to be the securing of peace with the Southern-rebels at any cost, we feel it incumbent on us to express our sentiments on such a movement; therefore

Resolved, That this Rebellion against the authority of the Government of the United States, was in its inception begat by the ambition of wicked men, aiming at their own personal advancement, nourished in the Southern womb for thirty years, on the passions and prejudices engendered by the States of Slavery, and brought forth in blood at Sumter—fit child of such parentage. May it die, as it was born, in its own blood!

Resolved, That when the boom of the traitors' cannon, which was fired on our flag at Sumter, went reverberating through the length and breadth of the land, startling the loyal lovers of their Country's flag in their peaceful homes, it struck the key-note of each true-hearted breast and removed from their eyes the film which so long had held them in blindness to the treason's growth, and awakened them to the full knowledge of the deeply-laid, long-hid and devlish plot to wrest from them the heritage of freedom won for them and bequeathed to them by their glorious sires and their purpose to maintain their country's rights and glories, unimpaired, was fixed.

Resolved, That from the depth of our hearts, we thank our God, that he had at that juncture of affairs, placed at the helm of State, the honest, straight forward, cool, sagacious patriot—Abraham Lincoln—and as then, we *now*, with perfect faith, entrust our lives, our honors, and energies to his guidance, and pledge them all in aid of his steady purpose to conquer this wicked, wanton rebellion, and to punish not the authors and instigators thereof.

Resolved, That laying aside all party feeling, all political inclinations and animosities, we know no one's a friend and no one as brotner, but he who loves his Country unselfishly and knows no sacrifice too great, to maintain it in its former glory and add to its renown.

Resolved, That those who are now conspiring in the North to embarrass the Administration in its efforts to restore peace to the Union:—either know not what they do, or are guilty of unmanly treason, trenching on the privileges and immunities which the habitual reluctance of Americans to interfere with freedom of speech action gives them. Base Reptiles, let them crawl, but if they bite, the heel of every loyal scion of a loyal stock will be raised to crush them from existence, and using every power of mind and body to best do our portion of this holy work, the voices from home, when they come breathing loyalty and devotion make our hearts throb with joy and nerve us to our task. But when the Northern breeze bears on its wing the effluvia of the noxious Copperhead, the gall is mingled with the sweet. We blush to know that Americans can be so recreant.

Resolved, That we will hail with joy and with gratitude, the day when the unqualified submission or entire extermination of the Rebels, will place it in the power of our Commander-in-Chief to announce to us in "General Orders" that peace again reigns; that we may once more, as in days gone by, sit down by our own firesides, in safety and happiness.—But whilst an armed foe treads our soil, or one Star remains obscured on the azure field of our dear old Flag," we will listen to no insidious cry of "Peace," but firm in belief of the goodness of our cause, and with a living faith in blessing of Almighty God being with us, we will fight for the rights of mankind—the whole issue now at stake.

After the adoption of the resolutions, three times three heavy cheers and a tiger, were up from 700 true and loyal breasts, attesting their devotion to their country's cause.

County Superintendent

WE are requested by a number of Directors to announce that T. C. Carothers will serve another term as County Superintendent of Common Schools of Beaver county, it elected.

WE are authorized to announce the name of M. A. Anderson, of Big Beaver tp., as a candidate for County Superintendent of Common Schools.

J. I. REED of Darlington tp., we are authorized to say, will be a candidate for the office of County Superintendent of Common Schools.

☞ The election takes place Monday, May 4th.

NEW YORK, April 25.—A letter from Newbern contains the following:—Gen. Foster left Newbern on the 18th with large force to relieve Washington and drive the enemy from that place. General Neglee commands the advance, consisting of Hickman's brigade and 3d New York cavalry, with a light howitzer. They overtook the rear guard of the enemy on the road leading west, near the mouth of Blount Creek.

At Chicowmitz Creek, about six miles from Washington, the enemy made a stand, but Gen Neglee, with his staff and cavalry, drove the enemy precipitately from behind his works, capturing a number of prisoners, including a Colonel of the 2d Georgia cavalry. Our pursuit was so vigorous that the enemy were compelled to break and scatter in confusion toward Greenville.

UNION COUNTY CONVENTION.

THE LOYAL VOTES OF BEAVER COUNTY, without distinction of party, who desire cordially to unite in sustaining the NATIONAL AND STATE ADMINISTRATIONS, in their patriotic efforts to suppress a sectional and unholy rebellion against the UNITY OF THE REPUBLIC, and who desires to support, by every power of the government, our heroic brethern in arms, who are braving diseases, and the perils of the field, to preserve the UNION OF OUR FATHERS, are requested to meet at their several places of holding elections, on SATURDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, (in the townships between the hours of 2 and 5, P. M., and in the Boroughs between 7 and 9, P. M.), and choose Delegates to a Convention, to be held at the Court House, in Beaver, on MONDAY JUNE 15th, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for County and district offices. The several townships and boroughs will be entitled to elect delegates according to the following apportionment:

Borough	4	Industry	3
Bridgewater	2	Independence	2
Big Beaver	4	Marion	2
Brighton	3	Moon	3
Chippewa	3	New Brighton	4
Darlington	4	New Sewickly	4
Economy	4	North Sewickly	3
Fallston	3	Ohio	4
Franklin	2	Patterson	2
Freedom boro	2	Pittsburg	2
Freedom dist	2	Pulaski	3
Greene	4	Rochester boro	4
Frankfort	4	Rochester tp	3
M'Guire	4	Raccoon	4
Hopewell	3	South Beaver	3

By order of County Committee.

D. L. IMBRIE, *Ch'n.*
B. B. CHAMBERLIN, *Sec'y.*

CANDIDATES will bear in mind, that an announcement, to insure insertion, must be accompanied with Two DOLLARS.

Announcements.

We are authorized to announce the names of the following persons as candidates for the different offices named below, subject to the decision of the Union Convention:

Assembly,
WILLIAM HENRY, Fallston.

Sheriff,
JOSEPH BEDLIE, Beaver.
JOSEPH C. WILSON, Beaver.
DAVID JOHNSTON, Fallston.
JAMES A. ANDERSON, Big Beaver
A. J. COOK, Darlington.
JOHN S. BARBACH, Rochester.

Register & Recorder,
ALFRED R. MOORE, Beaver.
DAVID WOODRUFF, Bridgewater.

Treasurer,
JOHN CAUGHEY, Beaver.
MOSES B. WELSH, Beaver.
JAMES BRITTAIN, Moon.
CAPT. MILO R. ADAMS, Bridgewater.
WM. C. HUNTER, Brighton tp.
ALBERT G. HENRY, Beaver.

Clerk of Court,
JOHN A. FRAZIER, Darlington.
WILLIAM S. BARCLAY, Beaver.
JAMES HARPER, Borough tp.

Commissioner,
JOHN R. BEIGHLEY, Economy tp.
EDWARD EVANS, North Sewickly.

Coroner,
THOS. DEVINEY, New Brighton.
JACOB HOOK, Hopewell.

Poor House Director,
JOHN K. POTTER, Raccoon.
JOHN WHITE, Hopewell.
ROBERT COOPER, Moon.

Auditor,
JOSEPH M'CLURE, Bridgewater.

Teachers' Examinations.

Teachers examinations will be held as follows—exercises will commence at nine o'clock in the forenoon.

In Brighton township, at Eakin's school house, on Tuesday, May 5.

In Chippewa township, at M'Kinley school house, May 6.

In South Beaver township, at Courts school house, May 7.

In Ohio township, at Fairview school house, May 8.

Each applicant will please bring a copy of Osgood's Fourth Reader, some writing paper and a pencil.

As far as practicable the exercises will be conducted in the form of class drill.

T. C. CAROTHERS, Co. Sup't.
FRANKFORT SPRINGS, April 9, '63.

NASHVILLE, April 27.—Part of Gen. Clay Smith's brigade, consisting of 200 cavalry, commanded by Col. Watkins, 6th Kentucky cavalry, this morning made a dash upon the rebel camp of the 1st Texas Legion, eight miles south of Franklin, on Carter's Creek, pike, and captured 128 rebels including three captains, five lieutenants, the same number of horses, fifty mules, one ambulance loaded with medical stores, and burnt eight wagons, and the arms of the rebel. Col. Brooks, commanding the rebel camp, was captured, but subsequently escaped.

Thirty-three hundred citizens, male and female, have taken the oath giving bonds to General Mitchell.

Capt. C. L. Smedall, of the 21st Illinois, Judge Advocate at the trial of the Anderson Troop, died suddenly to-day, of pneumonia, at the St Cloud Hotel.

Startling rumors are current in the city to-night that Gen. Bragg was shot and instantly killed by Gen. Breckinridge, at Tullahoma.

Yesterday a small party of rebels attacked the Louisville train on its passage from the city. Three rebels were killed and two prisoners taken. No damage was done to the track.

NEW YORK, April 27.—A special to the *Herald* from Nashville, dated Apr. 20th, says: Some deserters state that Kentucky, Tennessee, and Missouri troops in Bragg's army have lately been mutinous, and much trouble has been experienced in putting it down. The Tennesseans laid down their arms, refusing to do duty.

☞ Luncheon, says Thackery, is base ingratitude to breakfast, and premeditated insult to dinner.

NEW YORK, April 26.—The steamer Fulton, from New Orleans via Key West, arrived here at noon to-day.—She got aground on her passage down the Mississippi, remaining eight days, and leaving the barque the 19th. The New Orleans *Era* of the 19th, the only late paper received, gives an account of the late military movement. On the morning of the 17th Gen. Banks had reached Vermillionville after a hard fight at Vermillion Bayou, where the rebels had posted batteries and infantry, but were driven from their position after hard fighting with considerable loss on both sides. A letter in the *Era* dated in the field, above New Iberia, April 15th, states that Col. Kimball, with the 52d Massachusetts regiment, entered the rebel works at Bethel Place on the morning of the 14th, planting our flag on the parapet. Gen. Weizel's division followed, succeeded by the whole line.—The rebels left numbers of their dead unburied and evidences were plenty of bloody work in their rank.

Large stores of ammunition, some Enfield rifles and other arms were captured. Our army then marched through Pattersonville, skirmishing continuously, and reached Franklin on the 15th. Prior to Thursday night some thousand prisoners had been brought into Franklin, captured in whole companies of rebels, being made at a time. At Franklin the gunboat Cotton was captured with three officers of the late gunboat Diana on board, thus restoring them to our service. The rebels destroyed ten steamboats to prevent their falling into Gen. Banks' hands, and also two large gunboats and the Diana.—Included in the destruction of these boats were immense stores of provisions, twenty thousand pairs of shoes, and a thousand cases of ammunition.

It was expected that Gen. Banks would capture Opelousas on the 19th and occupy it.

The expedition of Gen. Grover has been eminently successful, and after a battle with the rebels at Donaldsonville the 13th Connecticut regiment, the rebel batteries, supported by the 26th Maine, 25th Connecticut, 12th Maine and 91st New York, and defeated them, leaving a six gun and other trophies in our hands. The rebel force consisted of twenty regiments of Texans and three light regiments, including the famous Pelican and Sabine series. The whole force at Bethel Place and Irish Bend numbered some one thousand, posted in a highly advantageous position, under command of Gen. Dick Taylor, son of the late Zachary Taylor.

Important captures of horses and mules and beef cattle, to the number of over a thousand, were made. The celebrated salt-mine, or salt rock, was captured and the rebel works destroyed.

The rebel soldiers were not left to be captured, and over 1,500 are in our hands and more are being taken.

An abandoned rebel iron foundry quantity of shot and shell.

Our fleet has reached the rebel fortification at Butte La Rose, an important point. The prospects are that the rebels will be driven out of Louisiana county or all captured. Our troops are in splendid condition.

The wounded in the late battle, numbering 179, have nearly all reached New Orleans, where they are quartered at the Mechanics' Institute Hospital. Among them are Lieut. Oliver and Bannister of the 25th Connecticut. All were doing well. A large number of rebel wounded are in the hospitals at New Iberia. There is nothing new at Key West.

MARRIED—On Tuesday, April 23d, 1863, by Rev. George Scott, WM. POWER CLARK, of Big Beaver, Lawrence county, Pa., and MARY ELIZABETH SCOTT, of Big Beaver, Beaver county, Pa.

On the 22d inst., at the residence of Frankford, by Rev. M. Boyce, JAMES M'CARROLL to Miss MARY M'CREARY.

DIED—In Rochester, Pa., April 14th, 1863, SARAH, wife of Capt. Boss, aged 45 years, 2 months and 14 days.

The deceased was born in Putney, Vermont, and became a professor of religion about nine years ago, at which time she has been a consistent member of the Presbyterian church. A number of years ago she was greatly afflicted in the death of an only son, who was lost at the burning of a steamboat on the Mississippi river. But in the hour of bereavement Christ was her strength and consolation, and she enjoyed the sweetness of that promise: "When thou passest through the waters I will be with thee; and through the rivers they shall not overflow thee; when thou walkest through the fire thou shalt not be burned; neither shall the flame kindle upon thee." She often expressed religious conversations, and a short time before her decease she told her husband that she would come, and a beautiful crown was prepared for her, when he would depart. Such was her faith in the promises of God, during the hours of the day she would frequently exclaim, "Good is the will of the Lord." Although she had not been able to attend the house of God for six or eight years, because of bodily infirmities, yet she said a few weeks before her death, that her motto was, "Bless the Lord, O my soul, and forget not all his benefits." She died as she lived, in the faith of the Gospel, having fallen asleep in Jesus."

"O for the death of those,
Who slumber in the Lord!
O be like theirs, my last repose,
Like theirs my last reward!"

C.

In LINCOLN HOSPITAL, Washington City, on March 25, FRANK M. DOUGHOO, of Co. A. 17th, Pa. Cavalry, formerly of Hookstown, Beaver County.

Commonwealth of Penn'a.
BEAVER COUNTY, ss:

Before the subscriber, Clerk of the Court of Oyer and Terminer of said County, personally came John Roberts, High Sheriff of the County aforesaid, who being duly sworn, deposeth as follows, viz: That in pursuance of a Warrant issued by the Governor of said Commonwealth, under the great seal thereof, authorizing and requiring him, between the hours of 10 o'clock, a. m., and 3 o'clock, p. m., of Friday, the 10th day of April, 1863, to cause to be executed upon Eli F. Sheets, who has been duly convicted in the Court aforesaid, on the 17th day of September, A. D. 1862, of murder in the first degree, the sentence of the said Court, viz: That said Eli F. Sheets be taken to the Jail of the said County of Beaver, from whence he came, and from thence to the place of execution, within the walls of the yard of the said Jail, on the day thereafter to be fixed by the Governor of this Commonwealth, and there be hanged by the neck until he be dead, on the day, and between the hours named in the death warrant aforesaid, within the walls of the yard of the Jail of the County aforesaid, in the presence of his Deputies, a Physician, the District Attorney of the County and twelve reputable citizens to be by himself selected, and two Clergymen of the Gospel, proceed to the body of the said Eli F. Sheets, and did hang the same, by authority of, and in accordance with, the warrant aforesaid, and the acts of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth in such case made and provided, and cause the sentence aforesaid to be fully executed upon him, the said Eli F. Sheets.

JNO. ROBERTS.

Sworn and subscribed me this 20th day of April, 1863.

A. G. M'CREARY,
Clerk of Oyer & Terminer Court.

Time Table.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

Beaver Station—GOING EAST.
Commencing, Monday, April 20, 1863.—Trains leave as follows:

Arrives at Pittsburgh,	9:10	A. M.
" "	5:20	P. M.
" "	8:05	P. M.
GOING WEST—		
Leave Pittsburgh as follows:		
Arrives at Beaver,	7:40	A. M.
" Rochester,	1:10	P. M.
" "	5:25	P. M.

J. M. McCULLOUGH, *Pres't.*
J. P. MYERS, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*

ELMIRA, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

Rochester Station—GOING EAST.

Leaves Rochester	Arr. at Pitts.
Pittsburgh Accom. 5:15 A. M.	7:00 A. M.
Fast Line " 10:45 P. M.	8:25 A. M.
Mail " 8:05 P. M.	5:00 P. M.
Mail, 6:20 P. M.	3:15 P. M.
Fast Express, 1:20 A. M.	2:25 A. M.
Day Express, 2:00 P. M.	3:05 P. M.
Cincinnati Exp. 6:45 P. M.	7:50 P. M.
GOING WEST—	
Leaves Pitts.	Arr. at Rochester.
Cincinnati Accom. 9:00 A. M.	1:20 A. M.
Pittsburgh Accom. 12:50 A. M.	1:32 A. M.
Day Express, 5:05 P. M.	9:14 P. M.
Fast Line, 6:00 P. M.	8:40 P. M.
Mail, 7:00 A. M.	8:25 A. M.
Fast Express, 12:00 A. M.	2:30 A. M.
Mail Express, 12:40 P. M.	1:50 P. M.

AUG. BRADLEY, Supt., E. D.

Register's Notice.

All persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian Accounts, that have been passed and filed in the Register's Office, of Beaver county, Pa., will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, on Wednesday the 3rd day of June, 1863, for confirmation and allowance.

The first and final account of Jesse C. Wilson, Administrator of the estate of Narcissa Judy, dec'd.

The account of Samuel G. Caughey Executor of the last will of Robert Stevenson, dec'd.

The final account of John Park Administrator of the estate of Sir William S. Cochran, dec'd.

The first and final account of Joseph Connelly, Executor of the estate of Samuel McKinney, deceased.

The first and final account (personal) of Thomas Patterson, Executor of the last will and testament of John H. Scott, dec'd.

The accounts of John Stentz, Administrator of the estate of Samuel Smith, late Guardian of James Paxton, minor child of Samuel Paxton, dec'd.

The accounts of John Stentz, Administrator of the estate of Andrew Glasgow, late Guardian of Cyrus, Silas, Hannah and Mary Caughey, minor children of Samuel Caughey, dec'd.

The account of David Ferguson, Guardian of Mary Ann Ferguson, minor daughter of David Ferguson, dec'd.

The accounts of Adam Henderson, Executor of the last will and testament of Elizabeth and Seth Coulson, late of Fallston, dec'd.

The account of T. Stockton Guardian of Sarah Ann Calhoun, minor child of Thomas Calhoun, dec'd.

The accounts of Joseph Mitchell, Executor of the last will and testament of George Rauscher, late of Economy, dec'd.

The account of Jacob Hoffman, Executor of the last will of Anthony Hoffman, dec'd, who was Guardian of the minor son of Anthony Hoffman, dec'd.

A. R. MOORE,
Register.

(Beaver Times copy.)

List of Causes for June Term, '63.

vs	Phillips Morgan.
Hugh Anderson,	vs
same.	
And vs J. Welsh, et al.	
Sarah Chamberlain.	
same.	
vs J. & S. Chamberlain.	
Darlington M. E. Ch'ch	
vs Thomas Dickson.	
Hugh Bennett, Admr.	
vs Wm. M. Shirts, et al.	
Burgess and Town Council of Fallston.	
vs Matthew Elder.	
James Fleming, et al.	
vs C. W. Sill.	
James Moore.	

M. WEYAND, Pro.

Beaver Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE "ARGUS."

Flour per bbl.			$7 00
do " 100 lbs			3 50
Dried Apples per bushel			2 00
do Peaches "			3 50
Wheat	"	"	1 40
Corn	"	"	90
Rye	"	"	1 00
Oats	"	"	60
Barley	"	"	
Clover Seed,	"	"	6 00
Timothy Seed,	"	"	2 00
Flax Seed,	"	"	3 00
Beans,	"	"	2 75
Potatoes,	"	"	1 00
Onions,	"	"	1 00
Corn Meal,	"	"	1 00
Eggs,	"	dozen	12
Butter,	"	lb	28
Hams,	"	"	10
Shoulders,	"	"	8
Sides,	"	"	9
Tallow,	"	"	10
Lard,	"	"	12½
Candles,	"	"	15
Soap,	"	"	8
Molasses,	"	Gallon	60
Carbon Oil,	"	"	50

BEAVER COUNTY ss:

IN the Orphans' Court, in and for Beaver county, before the Honorable Judges thereof. In the matter of the petition for partition of the real estate of Jesse Smith, late of the township of Ohio, Beaver co., dec'd.

Now, to wit: April 16, 1863, Rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said dec'd., viz: Susan, (widow) Jesse Smith, Jos. Smith, Samuel Smith, Susan, intermarried with John Beaver, Hamilton Smith, Rachael Smith and Thomas Smith;—Joseph is dec'd., as is also his widow, but leaving four children, viz:—Isaac, Sarah, intermarried with John M. Day, Isabella and Susan, whose interest in said real estate is now vested in Jesse Smith and Samuel Smith;—said Hamilton is dec'd. as also his widow, leaving one child, Isadore, whose interest in the said real estate is vested in the said Jesse and Samuel Smith; John Beaver, Husband of said Susan is dec'd, and the said Susan has since sold all her interest in said real estate to said Jesse and Samuel Smith; Rachael Smith is now dec'd, leaving no issue; said Thomas Smith still living, but whose interest in said real estate is now vested in said Jesse and Samuel Smith; said Samuel Smith, now dec'd, but leaving a widow, Margaret, surviving, and four children, viz: John B., Susan, intermarried with Isaac Jennison, of Wayne county, O.; Mary Anne, intermarried with James Dawson, and Louisa aged 18 years, whose guardian is Daniel Dawson; said John B. Smith being now in the service of the United States in the army of the west; and all others interested, to shew cause, if any they have, why an Inquest, to make partition of the real estate of said dec'd, should not be awarded; at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver aforesaid, on the first Monday (being the 1st day) of June next.

Publication according to Rule, ordered as to the heirs residing out of the county.

(A true copy of Rule:) Attest:
apr.16'63 A. G. M'CREARY, Clk.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, I will expose to public vendue or out-cry, at the Court House, in the borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Penn'a., on

Friday, 29th day of May 1863,

at 10 o'clock, a. m., the one undivided seventh part of the following described real estate, late the estate of Samuel Woods, dec'd., situate in Moon tp., Beaver county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Bounded by land of the heirs of Henry Miller, dec'd, on the east, by land of John McKee, the heirs of William Irwin, dec'd, and Oriel Pinney on the north, by land of the heirs of Alexander McCullough, dec'd, on the west, and by land of the heirs of John M'Kee on the hill, on the south, containing two hundred and ninety acres and sixty-three perches, or thereabouts, on which are erected one double log cabin, one single log cabin and one log stable; about one hundred acres cleared and under fence, the balance in timber. The tract is well watered, and has a small orchard of good fruit trees.

TERMS—One half of the purchase money to be paid in hand upon the confirmation of the sale by the Court, and the remaining one half thereof to be paid in one year thereafter, with interest thereon from said confirmation, to be secured by bond and mortgage.

ap29 THOS. CUNNINGHAM, Adm'r.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY

No. 106, Sept. T. 1862.

Robert M'Creery vs. John M'Farland. } Foreign Attachment.—Judgment by default.—Aff. of claim for $496 62 filed.

April 14, 1863, Rule for the Prothonotary to assess the damages and liquidate the amt of the Judgment in this case on the 4th day of June, A.D. 1863.

ap29 Attest. M. WEYAND, Pro.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY, NO. 113, JUNE T. '62.

In the matter of the management of the trust estate and funds in the hands of James D. M'Creary, Trustee of Hannah Bush.

Notice is hereby given that the account of said Trustee has been filed in this office, and that the same will be allowed by the Court on the first day of next term, unless cause then be shown against its confirmation.

apr.29'63 M. WEYAND, Pro.

ADMINSTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of THOMPSON HILL, late of Economy tp., Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARVIN HULL, Economy tp.,
apr23'63. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of JONATHAN KINSEY, late of Georgetown Boro., Beaver county, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

ANN MARIAH KINSEY, Adm'x.,
apr23 JOHN B. MACKALL, Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of ALFRED C. HILL, late of Economy tp. Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claim against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

ENOS HILL, Economy tp.,
Apr29,'63. Administrator.

Important to Tax Payers.

NOTICE, is hereby given to Collectors of Taxes to pay on the balances due on the respective Duplicates on or before March term of Court 1863. The taxes are needed and must be collected in order to meet the demands upon the County.

G. C. BRADSHAW,
feb18'63. Treasurer.

Notice.

ALL persons having unsettled account with me, or Smith & Collins, within the last twenty years, for Carding, Spinning, &c., will please call at the Fallston Woolen Factory, before the first of October, 1862, and settle the same by cash or note.

jy16,'62. EPH'M. SMITH

Mercantile Appraisment.

LIST of Dealers in Goods, Wares and Merchandise in the County of Beaver for the year 1863:

	Class.		Class.
Borough tp.		Jas. Morrison & Son	14
Hugh Anderson	14	David Short	14
B. Adams	14	*Harmony tp.*	
I. N. Atkins	14	R. L. Baker	14
James Allison	14	*Hopewell tp.*	
David Ramsey	14	David Patton	14
John Barclay	13	*Industry tp.*	
Thos. M'Creery	14	J. Jackman	14
Anderson & Orr	13	C. Useltou	14
Wm. Warrick	14	*Independence tp.*	
William Harrah	14	Reed & Kerr	14
M. & S. H.-Darragh	14	Wm. G. Miller	14
Robt. M'Creary	14	Alex. Kennedy	14
A. G. Henry	14	*Marion tp.*	
Bridgewater boro.		Wm. Buehl	14
Philip Rees	14	*New Brighton bor.*	
Thomas Allison	14	T. T. Shafer	14
A.-S. Harvey	13	King & Brother	14
A. C. Hurst	12	Geo. M. Nippard	14
J. S. Dickey	14	John Hodgkinson	14
B. S. Ranger	13	M. Gilliland	12
Joseph Braun	14	J. B. Anderson	14
William Reich	14	Hiram Reed	13
S. W. Hemphill	14	R. Steinfield	13
J. M. Barbour	14	John Sargeant	14
Peter Angel	14	H. T. & J. Reeves	14
Lewis Kramer	14	Wm. Kennedy	10
Big Beaver tp.		C. I. Kensley	14
Jno. P. Caldwell	14	S. Ferren	14
Potter & Achison	13	M. M. Laugalin	14
J. B. John's on & Co.	14	*New Sewickly tp.*	
John Hearn & Co	13	Geo. Rouscher	13
Darlington tp.		Jacob Wagner	14
J. C. Duff	13	C. Kercheaer	13
Jacob Marks	13	Abraham Hunter	14
R. S. Imbrie	14	*North Sewickly tp.*	
A. M. Mecklin	14	James Woods	12
F. Butts & Co	14	James Patton	14
John Sterling	13	*Ohio tp.*	
Thos. Donaldson	14	Saml Cunningham	14
Economy tp.		B. F. Miller	14
Charles Frey	13	John Aber	14
Simon Cotton	13	John Kerr	13
W. & J. Breitenstein	13	*Phillipsburgh boro*	
Fallston boro.		F. Le Goullon	14
Duncan & Edgar	11	*Raccoon tp.*	
Wm. Cannon	14	And. Waulz	11
John Godard	14	James Scott	14
Freedom boro.		Dani McAllister	14
Wagner & Lowry	13	*Franklin tp.*	
C. H. Egnel	14	D. Antenrith	11
J. & R. H. M'Caskey & co	14	*Rochester boro.*	
Greene tp.		G. C. Spegerer	12
M. T. Christler	14	R. L. Diggens	14
Jos. M. Ferran	14	D. Cohen	14
S. H. Witherspoon	11	John Conway	14
J. H. Deihl & Co	12	S. J. Cross & Co	12
C. Calhoun	14	M. Alexander	14
J. H. Trumbull & Co	13	Wm. D. Johnston	14
Hanover tp.		W. Seely	13
Henry Moore	14	C. Boles	14
Wm. H. Frazier & co	14		

COMPOUND MEDICINES, &c.

Bridgewater boro.		H. L. Kenah	3
S. Smith	3	John Sargeant	3
Beaver boro.		*Rochester boro.*	
C. P. Cummins	3	C. L. Keiser	3
New Brighton boro.		J. H. Hannen	3
Francis Hoops	3	A. L. Shallenberger	3

DISTILLERIES.

Greene tp.		*Ohio tp.*	
J. V. Reed & Co	10	Bigger & Collins	10
Harmony tp.		*Industry tp.*	
R. L. Baker	10	Samuel Mason	10
Independence tp.		*Brighton boro.*	
Harper & Amsler	10	John Berr	10

BREWERY.

Bridgewater boro. ..... Gottlieb Hielm 10

The appeal will be held at the Commissioner's Office in Beaver, on the 1st day of May next, from 9 o'clock, A. M., to 4 o'clock, P. M.

J. H. DUNGAN,
Appraiser of Mercantile Taxes.

NOTICE.—By an act entitled "an act amendatory of the License Laws of the State," approved the 15th day of April, 1862. All persons returned by the Appraiser of Mercantile Taxes, as subject to the payment of License, are required to pay the same to the County Treasurer, on or before the 1st day of July, in each and every year, or suit will be brought within ten days thereafter for the recovery of the same, according to the provisions of said act.

G. C. BRADSHAW,
april13'62. Treasurer.

Licenses must be paid in par fund.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, hysterics, pain in the back and limbs, etc., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

Dr Cheeseman's Pills

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of those irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

are the most effectual remedy known for all complaints peculiar to Females. To all classes they are invaluable, *inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity.* They are known to thousands who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills *sent by mail, prompt'y,* by remitting to the Proprietor. In Butler or Bridgewater sole agent for this County.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor.
24 Cedar St., New York.

BEAVER DRUG STORE.

Opened in the Room formerly Occupied by the late Dr. Minis,

THE Subscriber, having purchased the Establishment will endeavor to keep constantly on hand all articles usually found in Drug Stores.

Being a Physician and Druggist, the public may rely on his keeping the PUREST and BEST DRUGS.

A variety of other articles will also be found in his establishment:

Ted, Extract of Coffee, Rosin Soap, Fancy Soaps, Port Monies, Cologne,

ALL ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET. SPOOL COTTON, LEAD PENCILS, NEEDLES, STEEL PENS, HAIR BRUSHES, TOOTH BRUSHES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, LETTER, NOTE & FOOLSCAP PAPER.

Carbon Oil Lamps and Chimneys.

These are a few of the articles, and only a few always on hand. Call and see.

He will try, by close attention and fair dealing, to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

☞ Particular attention will be paid to putting up Physicians prescriptions. [aug27

STATE AND COUNTY TAX.

THE County Treasurer, will attend in the several Townships and Boroughs, for the purpose of receiving the County and State Taxes for 1863, at the times and places designated below, viz:

Georgetown,	May	26, Hamilton's hotel
Glasgow & Ohio,	do	27, Smith's hotel.
Industry,	do	28, Eakin's hotel.
Phillipsburgh,	do	29, Bimber's hotel.
Freedom,	do	30, M'Caskey's store.
Harmony,	June	8, Store.
Rochester tp.,	do	9, Wm. Johnson's hotel
do boro.,	do	10, do do
Bridgewater,	do	11, H. Ankeny's hotel.
Patterson,	do	12, Robertson's store.
Brighton tp.,	do	13, R. Eakins'.
North Sewickly,	do	16, N. Hazen's.
Franklin,	do	17, Autenreith's store.
Marion,	do	18, G. Hartzell.
Pulaski,	do	19, R. Wallace.
New Brighton,	do	2 , Huron House.
New Sewickly,	do	22, George Rauscher's.
Economy,	do	23, George Minis's,
Chippewa,	do	24, Mrs. Cunningham's.
Big Beaver,	do	25, Grenbing hotel.
Ohio,	do	26, Barringer's.
Ohio & S. Beaver,	do	27, Kerr's store.
South Beaver,	do	29, Jos. Lawrence.
Fallston,	do	30, Toll house.
Darlington boro,	July	2, A. J. Cook's.
do tp.,	do	3, J. P. Dilworth's.
Raccoon,	do	6, D. Ewing's.
Independence,	do	7, J. Holmes's.
do a Howewell	do	8, Reed & Kerr's store.
Hopewell,	do	9, Robt. Scott's.
Moon,	do	10, Wm. Elliott's.
Hookstown,	do	13, B. Swearingen's hotel
do & Greene tp	do	14, do do
Hanover, Greene,	do	15, George Miller's.
Frankfort,	do	16, H. M Cutcheon's.
Hanover,	do	17, Short's store.
Borough & Tp.,	do	18, Treasurer's Office.

☞ Payment can be made in any adjoining District. Tax-Payers are expected to procure Bankable funds.

C. C. BRADSHAW,
apr.22,'63. Treasurer.

Quarterly Statement

OF THE BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY, New Brighton, Feb. 4, 1863.

RESOURCES.

Bills and Notes discounted, notive	$51,665 13
Same under protest	100 00
Loan to Commonwealth	5,000
Due from other Banks	18,662 11
Notes and Checks of other Banks and Treasury Notes	59 87 00
Coin in Vault	91 58
Furniture and Office Expenses	1,625 65
Interest account	1 41
Current Expenses	573 49
Total	$128,222 49

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$100,000 00
Notes in Circulation	22,000
Due Depositors	5,077 11
Profits and Earnings	1,145 38
Dividends unpaid	100 00
Total	$128,222 49

I, LEVI CROUCH, Cashier of the Bank of Beaver County, who being duly affirmed according to law, deposeth that the above statement is correct and true, according to the best of his knowledge and belief.

LEVI CROUCH, Cashier.

Affirmed and subscribed before me this 4th day of Feb. 1863. J. CULBERTSON, J. P.

For Sale at the Beaver Drug Store,

MARTIN'S COAL OIL BURNERS—THE "LITTLE MONITOR"—the best burner for common chimneys, a specialty as Sam Kier Carbon Oil Lamps, without burning.

For sale at Drug Store of C. P. Cummins—Gun Powder, Young Hyson and Black Teas, all good Coffee, Ext. Coffee, Dandelion Coffee, Gold pens, Spectacles, Golden Syrup for table use, a prime thing; a cheaper article of Syrup, very good; vinegar, hominy, hand scrubbing brushes and salt.

Zante currants and Raisons for sale at C. P. Cummins' Drug Store.

NOTICE.

THE Co partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of A. D. Gilliland, New Brighton, engaged in the business of merchandize, was duly dissolved on the 15th day of April, 1862. The Books will be settled at the store of M. Gilliland. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm will please call and settle immediately, as the books will be closed against all delay.

A. D. GILLILAND,
M. GILLILAND,

New Brighton, May 15, 1862.

Stray Mare.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber living in Big Beaver township, Beaver county, on the evening of the 20th of April, a small Bay Mare, about 5 years old, small all around, saddle marks, on hind Laugh enlarged by a surgical performance for which purpose conceivable. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, or otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

JAMES L. CALHOUN.

Dividend, No. 9.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY, New Brighton, Nov. 4, 1862.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Bank, for the last 6 months, has been declared this day, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives, on DEMAND. This dividend will be free of the United States tax, the Bank having assumed the payment of the same to the Government. EDWARD HOLDEN,
nov 7'62 Cashier.

Confessions & Experience of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c., supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after having been put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.

mar26'63.

STRAY COW.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, living in New Sewickley tp., Beaver co., Pa., on the 6th of October, 1862, a red cow, with a white face, about 6 years old; she had a bell on, and face or face side in the ear; no other marks visible. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

A. P. SMITH.
oct.30.

Lost Dog.

LOST in Rochester, on the 21st of October, a Black Shepherd Dog, with white ring around his neck, and white tip on the end of his tail; answers to the name of Collie. Any person finding said dog will be suitably rewarded by leaving him at Johnston's Hotel, near Rochester Depot, or at the residence of the subscriber in New Sewickly tp.

JOHN GARRARD.
nov12

Notice.

MY wife, SUSAN WILKINSON, having left my bed and board, all persons are hereby notified not to trust her on my account, as I will not pay any debts of her contracting.

BENONI WILKINSON,
Big Beaver tp.,
mar.8,'63 Lawrence co., Pa.

Wanted Immediately,

FOX, MINK, RACCOON, SKUNK, and MUSKRAT SKINS; for which the highest prices, in Cash, will be paid at the Cheap Clothing Store of I. N. ATKINS, Beaver—sign of the Big Hat.
dec17

BEAVER FEMALE SEMINARY.

Board of Directors—Rev D. H. A. M'LEAN, D.D. Rev. D. A. CUNNINGHAM. Rev. C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

THIS Seminary, having been bought by S. B. Mercer, is being thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished, and will be opened for the reception of Pupils, on

Monday, the 20th of April, '63

A full corps of Teachers is being selected, who will be present at the opening of the term.

Rates per Term of Fourteen weeks:

Board and room furnished.....$38 00
To those furnishing a pair of sheets, pillow slips, a blanket, and their own towels.....$36 00
Light and Fuel extra. Washing 30 cents per dozen.
Tuition.....from $4 00, to $7 00
Latin, French and Germen, each.....$5 00
Music and all branches of Drawing and Painting will be taught at the usual prices.—

☞ For further information address any one of the Directors, or

S. B. MERCER,
ap25 Superintendent.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

WILSON, M'ELROY & CO.,

54 Wood St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA,

OFFER THEIR STOCK FOR THE SPRING OF 1863,

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

mar. 25'63

A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL EDITION OF THE HISTORY OF DEBATED MONEY.

BY JOHN S. HART, LL. D.,

12mo., muslin, price 5 cents; paper covers 25 cents. Copies of this book will be sent by mail on receipt of the price, in postage stamps. Please address

J. C. GARRIGUES, Publisher,
118 South Fourth street, Phil'a, Pa.

mar26

JESSE JOHNSON,

General Commission Merchant AND

Dealer in Flour, Grain, and all kinds of Country Produce, Wines and Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco, &c.

No. 237 South 2d street

Philadelphia.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments

aug 28

H. B. ANDERSON,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

THE LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE Styles of DRESS GOODS kept constantly on hands and for sale, for

CASH OR PRODUCE.

Beaver, January 14th, 1863.

AMBROTYPES!!

GOOD, PERMANENT LIKENESSES can always be had at the

COURT HOUSE, IN BEAVER.

These pictures are not mere dauds, but war ranted UPRIGHT in any that have ever been made in Beaver county, by any artist. To be convinced, call and examine specimens. I will remain but a few weeks

☞ Gallery in the same room occupied by me in 1857.

C. A. GRIFFIN,
Nov9 Photographic Artist

NOTICE TO SOLDIERS!!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED AN Office in WASHINGTON, D. C. for the Collection of

Pensions, Back Pay and Bounty,

due Soldiers, and will promptly attend to all business entrusted to him, and will furnish information received to such claims upon enclosure of necessary postage stamps.

SAMUEL A. POWER,
(Blakwood House.)
feb1'63 WASHINGTON, D. C.

(New Castle Courant, Butler American, and Beaver Star copy and send bill to this office.)

Beaver Hotel,

JOSEPH HALL, Proprietor,
Beaver, Pa.

HAVING thoroughly fitted up this house, he is now prepared to accommodate his friends, and the public generally, in the most satisfactory manner.

jmay62

JOHN L. YOUNG,

Atty at Law,

(BEAVER, PA.)

☞ Office in the Court House.

Jan. 29, 1862

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D. C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

C. P. Cummins & Son,

OFFER their professional services as Physicians and Surgeons, to the citizens of Beaver and vicinity. They can always be found, when not professionally engaged, at the Drug Store of C. P. Cummins, M. D.

Dec 1'62

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

THERE will be a comment to let for the building of a new Brick School House in Big Beaver township, District No. 1, on *Saturday, May 2d, at 1 o'clock, p. m.* Plan and specifications can be seen at Andrew Carnahan's in said township.

By order of the Board,
apr2'63 W. F. LAFFERTY, Sec'y.

LOANS ON FIRST MORTGAGES can be negotiated at the PITTSBURGH SAVINGS BANK, No. 67 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburg, on favorable terms.

an1'63 C. A. COLDEN, Treasury.

Do You Want Employment.

I OFFER a pleasant business for the Spring and Summer, with large profits. Send for my new circular, containing full information.

Address GEO. EDWD SEARS,
mar16, 181 William St., N. Y.

Kerr's Hotel,

Third Street, Beaver, Penn'a.

S. KERR, *Proprietor.*

RAIL-ROAD HOUSE,

ADAM JOHNSON, PRO'R
ROCHESTER, PENN'A.

Beaver County, ss:

IN the Orphans' Court in and for said County, before the Hon. Judges of said Court. In the matter of the partition of the real estate of George A. Hunter, dec'd.

And now, to wit: March 7, 1863, the Court grant a Rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, viz: Isaac Shane and Frances his wife; Robert Hunter; Mary, a sister of intestate, intermarried with Enoch Potter, residing in the county of Louisa, state of Iowa; Louisa, a sister, intermarried with Thomas Scroggs, (now a widow) residing in the county of Louisa aforesaid; Minerva, a sister of intestate, intermarried with Jonah Hixson, of Columbiana county, O.; Jane, a sister of intestate, intermarried with Milo Bradshaw, of Beaver county, and all others interested to shew cause, if any they have, why an Inquest to make partition of the real estate of said deceased should not be awarded at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, Beaver county, Pa., on the first Monday of June next. (A true copy of Rule.)

ap22 Attest: A. G. M'CREARY, Clk.

Beaver County, ss:

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY:

In the matter of the voluntary assignment of John A. M'Gill to William A. Laird.

And now, to wit, April 15th, 1863, the Court appoint James S. Ewing, Esq., an Auditor to make distribution, and marshal the balance in the hands of the Assignee, among the creditors, and make report at next term.

(A true extract from the Record.)

Attest: M. WEYAND, Pro.

The Auditor above named will attend to the duties of his appointment at the Clerk's office, in Beaver, on THURSDAY, May 14th 1863, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at which time parties interested will attend. ap22 J. S. EWING, Aud'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of GEORGE EWING, late of Ohio township, Beaver County, Penn'a, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SAM'L SMITH, Executor.
ap.29'63. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Mary Smith, late of Ohio township, Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ANDREW HATTERSON,
Executor.
April 15'63. Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of John S. M'Cready late of Greene township Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

NANCY M'COY,
ALEX. A. M'COY,
mar18'63 Executors.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of REBECCA ECEL, dec'd, late of Economy tp., Beaver county, Pa., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

MARVIN HULL, Economy tp.,
ap22 Executor.

To the School Directors of Beaver County.

GENTLEMEN: In pursuance of the 42nd section of the Act of 8th May, 1854, you are hereby notified to meet in convention at the Court House, in Beaver, on the 4th Monday of May, A.D. 1863, being the 4th day of the month, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and elect *two persons* by a majority of the whole number of Directors present, a person of Literary and scientific requirements, and of skill and experience in the art of teaching, as County Superintendent for the three succeeding years; determine the amount of compensation for the same; certify the result of said election to the Secretary of Harrisburg, required by the 39th and 41st sections of said act.

T. C. CAROTHERS,
Co. Supt. of Beaver Co.

Frankfort Springs, April 15, '63.

For Rent.

THE large two story Brick House, with Kitchen in the rear, and seven rooms suitable for a boarding House, with garden and about two acres of ground in front and rear, with good barn, and all necessary out buildings, known as Stone's residence, at Beaver Point. Also a private residence, two story frame, with ten acres of land attached to it, with good well, cistern, good barn, and all other necessary out-buildings, situate on the bank of the hill above Beaver Point, now occupied by John S. Lehmer, Esq.

☞ Apply to CHARLES STONE, at the Beaver Point House, or at this office.

Dissolution.

THE Co partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of M'CONNAH & PARKINSON, Fallston, engaged in the Foundry and Machine business was duly dissolved on the 3d day of June, 1862. The books of the late firm will be settled by M. Parkinson, at their office in Fallston, Beaver county, Pa., where the work will continue to be done in all its branches. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm will please call and settle immediately.

DAVID M'CONNAH,
MATTISON PARKINSON.

Fallston, July 16, '62 S. H. PARKINSON.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS having business with the subscriber will please call with Mr. Robert Fallon, who is duly authorized to attend to all business during my absence. All persons having unsettled accounts will call and make settlement as soon as possible, as it has become my duty to leave home for the purpose of serving my country. I hope my customers will still give their patronage as usual, as they will find Mr. Fallon at the shop and my son, James, at the tan-yard.

sept1 1862. JOHN D. STOKES.

A Rare chance for a Good Investment.

FOR SALE

STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A COUNTRY STORE, in a good Location, with a Large run of custom; situate within 18 miles of Pittsburg. Just in time for Fall and Winter Trade. Stock low at present; no unsalable Goods. Terms easy. For a man of limited capital, no better chance could be offered.—Store and dwelling house for sale or rent.—Address "A. B." Allegheny City, Pa., giving real name, and stating where an interview can be had. Oct 15.

THE SOLDIER'S FRIEND ALWAYS READY.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

LONG marches, sore and stiff joints, bruised and inflamed feet, blistered heels, and almost endless MOTHER'S TROUBLES, when your sons are marching into the midst

"VANITY FAIR."

"This is the first really clever comic and satirical journal we have had in America—and really clever it is. It is both sharp and good-tempered, and not afraid to say that its soul is its own—which shows that it has a soul. Our readers will be glad to know where they can find native fun that has something better in it than mere *patois*."—*Atlantic Monthly.*

"This paper is excellent. . . . Remarkable for originality."—*N. Y. Traveller.*

"VANITY FAIR is conducted by a vivacious, witty and intelligent corps of journalists."—*Litchfield* (Conn.) *Enquirer.*

"Will wield as potent an influence as that of the London *Punch*."—*Boston Traveller.*

"Whosoever finds himself laughing at the wit of VANITY FAIR, and does not return a *quid pro quo*, is fit for 'treason, and spoils.'"—*N. Y. Crayon.*

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The very marked and flattering success which has thus far attended the publication of "VANITY FAIR,"

Enables the publisher to announce that with the commencement of the Second Volume, issued this day, 30th June, New Features, both Literary and Artistic, will be introduced, which will increase the value and interest of the paper, and fully maintain the proud position unanimously accorded to it, as the leading

COMIC JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

VANITY FAIR

ISSUED REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY.

is for Sale by all Newsmen, and at the Office of Publication, No 113 Nassau-street, New York.

TERMS:

Three dollars per annum, in advance—Six cents single copy.

TERMS FOR CLUBS:

Two copies of VANITY FAIR will be sent to one address for.....$5 00
Five copies.....12 00
Ten copies.....20 00

An Extra copy will be allowed to the getter-up of every Club of not less than five copies.

This paper is Electrotyped, and numbers may be procured at any time.

LOUIS H. STEPHENS,
Publisher for the Proprietors, 113 Nassau-st. New-York.

Office of JAY COOKE,

SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,
At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers,
140 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

New Twenty Year 6 per ct. Bonds

of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100, $500, $1000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of $50 $100, $500, $1000 and $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

Semi-Annually; which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PERCENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics, Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these Bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufactures, &c., &c., in the country: and the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal, by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these Bonds the

Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market.

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes and checks of banks at par in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

BEAVER SEMINARY AND INSTITUTE

Rev. R. T. Taylor, A. M., Prin.
Mrs. A. S. Taylor, Governess.

THE NEXT TERM WILL COMMENCE

Tuesday, March 24th, 1863,

And continue 14 weeks. The aim of the school is to make its pupils thorough, especially in the Common Branches.

A Normal Class,

for the benefit of those wishing to fit themselves for teaching, will be formed at the commencement of the term.

Board, Room rent, &c.....$28 00
Tuition varies from $3,50 to $8,00

☞ For further particulars inquire of the President of Faculty.

mar'63 R. T. TAYLOR.

$30. Employment. $100

COMMERCIAL AGENTS WANTED
TO SELL GOODS FOR THE
ADAMS
(A NEW ENGLAND)
Manufacturing Company.

WE WILL GIVE A COMMISSION OF one hundred per cent. on all goods sold by our Agents, or we will pay wages of from $30 to $100 per month and pay all necessary expenses. For particulars address with stamp,

CHAS. RUGGLES, Gen. Ag't,
For the Adams Manufacturing Co., Detriot, Michigan. July 2, 1862.

NOTICE.

AARON MOORE, of this Borough is the only LICENSED AUCTIONEER in this county. He is, at any time, ready to perform the duties of his office when notified. Any other who attempts to sell at Auction, except at Administrator's sale, does it in violation of law. The penalty is not less than $100.

Beaver, Dec. 10, '62.

$50 Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for the arrest and conviction of any person found trespassing or doing malicious mischief on my property, adjoining the farm of Abram Wolf and lot of John Fisher, near the boro. of Beaver. DAVID STONER.

Jan. 28, '63.

Stray.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Chippewa tp., about the 1st of July, a White Heifer, 2 years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away; otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

Aug. 21—2m. THOS. M'KINLEY.

JOHN B. WILLIAMS,
BARBER & HAIR-DRESSER.
(Shop one door east of Proudley's Hotel.
BRIDGEWATER, PENN'A

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, hysterics, pain in the back and limbs, etc., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of those irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a PREMATURE GRAVE. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

are the most effectual remedy known for all complaints peculiar to Females. To all classes they are invaluable, *inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity.* They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills *sent by mail, promptly*, by remitting to the Proprietor. Dr. Smith of Bridgewater, sole agent for this County.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor.
20 Cedar St., New York.

BEAVER DRUG STORE.
Opened in the Room formerly Occupied by the late Dr. Minis.

THE Subscriber having purchased the Establishment will endeavor to keep constantly on hand all articles usually found in Drug Stores.

Being a Physician and Druggist, the public may rely on his keeping the PUREST and BEST DRUGS.

A variety of other articles will also be found in his establishment:

Tea, Extract of Coffee, Rosin Soap, Fancy Soaps, Port Monies, Combs.

ALL ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET. SPOOL COTTON, LEAD PENCILS, NEEDLES, STEEL PENS, HAIR BRUSHES, TOOTH BRUSHES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, LETTER, NOTE, & FOOLS CAP PAPER,

Carbon Oil Lamps and Chimneys.

These are a few of the articles, and only a few always on hand. Call and see.

He will try, by close attention and fair dealing, to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

☞ Particular attention will be paid to putting up Physicians prescriptions. [aug27

THE GREAT CAUSE OF
Human Misery.

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope; Price 6 cts.

A LECTURE BY Dr. CULVERWELL, ON THE CAUSE AND CURE of Spermatorrhœa, Consumption, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervousness, Epilepsy; Impaired Nutrition of the Body; Lassitude; Weakness of the Limbs and the Back; Indisposition, and Incapacity for study and labor; Dullness of Apprehension; Loss of Memory; Aversion to Society; Love of Solitude; Timidity; Self-Distrust; Dizziness; Headache, Affections of the Eyes; Pimples on the Face; Involuntary Emissions, and Sexual Incapacity; the Consequences of youthful Indiscretion, &c., &c.,

☞ This admirable Lecture clearly proves that the above enumerated, often self-inflicted evils, may be removed without medicine and without Dangerous surgical operations, and should be read by every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4586.

KOLLOCK'S
DandelionCoffee.

THIS preparation, made from the best JAVA Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia and all billious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee, will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEVALY.

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and Cakes. Price 15 cents.

Manufactured by
M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist,
Corner of Broad and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
and sold by all Druggists and Grocers.
mar26

TO COUNTRY DEALERS.

School Books and Stationery at Wholesale.

The subscriber has always on hand Osgood's & M Guffey's Speller & Readers, Ray's, Arithmetics, Stoddard's Arithmetic, Pinneo's Grammars, Bibles, &c., Testaments, Letter Cap and Commercial Note papers, Envelopes, Blank Books, Pass Books, Steel Pens and Holders, Copy Books, Slates, Ink, Ink stands, Bonnet Boards, &c., &c.

Usual discount for cash. Goods packed and delivered to any part of the city. ROBT. S. DAVIS,
feb:18 78 Wood st., Pittsburgh

ELECTION.

THE Stockholders of "the Company for erecting a Bridge over Big Beaver Creek, at or near Wolf Lane, in the county of Beaver," are hereby notified, that an election for one President, six Managers, and a Treasurer, will be held in the Toll House of said company, on the last Monday (the 27th day) of April next, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M.

mar17,'63 JAMES ALLISON, Treas.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of FRANCIS M. ERWIN, late of Hopewell tp., Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN R, McDONALD, Hopewell tp.,
mar11 '63. Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of SAMUEL BAXTER, late of Pulaski township, Beaver County, Penn'a dec'd having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

EDMUND BOOTS, North Sewickly tp,
SAMUEL BOOOTS, "
mar22'62 Executors.

GERMANTOWN TELEGRAPH.

A Family and an Agricultural Journal,

DEVOTED TO

CHOICE LITERATURE,

INCLUDING

Poetry, Novelettes, Tales,

AND MORAL AND ENTERTAINING READING GENERALLY.

In the Literary Department we shall present the choicest varieties within the reach of our extended means. The Novelettes, Tales, Poetry, &c., shall be supplied from the best and highest sources, and be equal to anything to be found in any journal or magazine.

Agriculture and Horticulture,

EMBRACING

Farming, Gardening, Fruit-Raising, &c.

In all their branches, as conducted on the latest and most approved system.

Our labors in this department for over thirty years, have met the cordial approbation of the public. Our purpose has been to furnish useful and reliable information upon these very important branches of industry, and to protect them so far as within our power against the false doctrines and selfish purposes of the many empires and sensation-adventurers by which the Farmer is incessantly assailed. This portion of the *Germantown Telegraph* will alone be worth the whole price of subscription, as every Farmer and Gardener, who has a proper conception of his calling, will readily admit.

NEWS DEPARTMENT.

The same industry, care, and discrimination, in gathering and preparing the Stirring Events of the Day, expressly for this paper, which hitherto has been one of its marked features and given so universal satisfaction, will be continued with redoubled efforts to meet the increasing demands of the public. The labor required in this department is never fully appreciated by the reader. It would be impossible to present, the condensed and carefully made-up form in which it appears, a corrected mass of all the most interesting news of the week, without involving much physical labor, tact and judgment.

We annex the *cash terms*, to which we beg leave to call attention of all who think of subscribing for a newspaper:

Advance Cash Terms.

One copy, one year, $2; one copy, three years, $5,00; three copies, one year, $5,00; Five Copies, One Year, $8,00; Ten Copies, One Year, $15,00; Twenty Copies, One Year, $28,00.

☞ Subscription not paid within the year, $2,50.

☞ A Club of five subscribers, at $8, will entitle the person getting it up to a copy for six months; a Club of ten or more, to a copy for one year. All Club subscriptions stopped at the end of the time paid for, unless re-ordered.

☞ No order will receive attention unless accompanied with the cash.

☞ Specimen numbers sent to applicants.

PHILIP R. FREAS,
Editor and Proprietor.
Germantown, Philadelphia, Oct. 22, 862.

NEW BRIGHTON RETREAT.

AN ASYLUM FOR THE RECEPTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL ALIENATION OR DISORDER.

And Other

Nervous and Chronic Diseases.

EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES.

THIS institution is now open for the reception, care, and treatment of the *independent class* of patients who are laboring under mental derangement; or other nervous and chronic disease. We make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums, to be treated for disordered minds, are reduced to that lamentable condition through previous physical disorder. By a well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorders, in the majority of cases, may be removed; and thus the mind, having suffered through the medium of the body, will when free from the exciting physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it to worse than midnight darkness, and reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in all its primitive beauty and wonted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes, calculated in the end to impair the mind to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large brick building with a stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It is situated on an elevated table land which commands a view of entire town—adjacent hills—groves and neighboring streams; all of which are calculated to produce favorable impressions upon the disordered mind.

The Institution is complete in all of its appointments. Having been tastefully fitted up at great expense, in order that it may meet the approbation and views of the most fastidious.

The water closets and bathing apparatus have been gotton up upon the most approved modern scientific principles. This department embraces not only the ordinary baths but, also, the medicated, warm air and ascending and descending *douche* for the more effectual and successful treatment of cutaneous and other scrofulous diseases.

We beg leave to say to all those who may be disposed to commit the interests of a dear wife, sister or daughter, to our charge—may be assured that no means will be spared, or efforts wanting on our part to ameliorate their condition or to effect a restoration to their accustomed health and vigor of mind.

For further particulars send for a circular. All communications should be addressed to.

E. KENDRICK, M. D.
Supt. of New Brighton Retreat
New Brighton
nov12'62. Beaver Co. Pa.

New Goods!!

B. S. RANGER.

Bridgewater, Pa.,

HAS just received a large assortment of SPRING GOODS,

which will be offered at *PANIC PRICES.* Amongst his stock can, at all times, be found a variety of

DRESS GOODS, MUSLINS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, &c., &c.,
IRON & STEEL, all varieties.
NAILS by the pound or keg.
WHITE LEAD and VARNISH.
LARD, SPERM, LINSEED & CARBON OILS
WINDOW GLASS, all sizes,
QUEENSWARE, LOOKING-GLASSES, &c.,

All of which will be sold low for Cash, or Country Produce.

Bridgewater, May 7, 1862.

RAIL-ROAD HOUSE,

ADAM JOHNSON, PRO'R
ROCHESTER, PENN'A.

CRITTENDEN'S PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

N. E. corner of 7th & Chestnut St.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THIS Institution, which was established in 1844, and is now consequently in the eighteenth year of its existence, numbers among its graduates, hundreds of the most successful Merchants and Business Men of our Country.

The object of the Institution is solely to afford young men facilities for thorough preparation for business.

The branches taught are, Book-keeping, as applicable to the various departments of trade; Penmanship, both plain and ornamental; Commercial Law, mathematics, Navigation, Civil Engineering, Drawing, Phonography, and Modern Languages.

The system of Instruction is peculiar; no classes or set lessons are made use of, but each student is taught individually, so that he may commence at any time, and attend at whatever hours are most convenient.

Catalogues are issued annually after the 15th of April, containing names of the students for the year, and full particulars of terms, &c., and may be obtained at any time by addressing the Principal.

In extensive accommodations, wide-spread reputation, and the lengthy experience of the Principal, this Institution offers facilities superior to any other in the country, for young men wishing to prepare for business, and to obtain at the same time A DIPLOMA, which will prove a recommendation for them to any Mercantile House.

☞ CRITTENDEN'S Series of Treatises on Book-Keeping, now more widely circulated than any other work on the subject, are for sale at the College.

S. HODGES CRITTENDEN,
Attorney-at-Law,
May 7. PRINCIPAL.

Knox Fruit Farm & Nurseries.

For many years we have made the cultivation of SMALL FRUITS a specialty, and taking into account VARIETY, QUANTITY and QUALITY, our Stock of Vines and Plants of

GRAPES, BLACKBERRIES,
STAWRERRIES, GOOSEBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES, CURRANTS, &c. &c.

is unequaled anywhere, which we offer on the most favorable terms. Parties wishing to purchase would do well to correspond with us, or send for our PRICE LIST, which will be sent to all applicants free of charge.

Our Seed Store and Horticulture House

IS AT

No. 29 Fifth Street,

where all articles belonging to such an establishment can be had of the best quality.

J KNOX.
Box 155, Pittsburg, Pa.

WM. MILLER, Phila. C. W RICKETSON, Pittsb'g

MILLER & RICKETSON,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND IMPORTERS OF

Brandies, Wines and Segars,

Nos. 223, *Cor. of Liberty & Irwin sts.*
PITTSBURG, PA

Iron, Nails, ton Yarn, &c., &c., constantly on hand. [aug6

"Th Union,"
Arch Street above Third,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Upton S. Newcomer, Prop'r.

THIS Hotel is central. Convenient by Passenger Railway Cars to all parts of the City, and in every particular adapted to the comfort and wants of the Travelling Public

TERMS, $1,50 PER DAY.

NEW
MILINERY AND MANTUA-MAKING
ESTABLISHMENT,
BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,
(Four Doors below Dr. Sargent's Drug Store.
may7,62—1y. MRS & MISS RENO.

PITTSBURG WATER CURE.

NO Curative Agency is superior to HYDROPATHY for the treatment of all forms of Diseases, and no Institution in this country possesses greater facilities for its administration than this.

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IS hereby given that I have been appointed as Surgeon by the Pension Department, to examine wounded and invalid Soldiers, discharged from the service; that my authority extends to any County, State or Territory, and that I am now ready to enter upon the discharge of my duties.

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BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
And Ointment.

ALL WHO have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care that they be amply supplied with those Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS AND COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS

Will be speedily removed and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS.

These feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly a produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

WEAKNESS OR DEBILITY INDUCED BY OVER-FATIGUE,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION! INDISCRETIONS OF YOUTH.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, OR SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES,

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure, and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London*" are discernable as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen *by holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

May 7.

600,000
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Lloyd's New Steel Plate County Colored Map of the United States, Canadas, and New Brunswick.

From recent surveys, completed Aug. 10, 1862, cost $20,000 to engrave it, and one year's time.

Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of Fifty Cents; 370,000 names are engraved on this map.

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The War Department uses our map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, cost $100,000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Hights, Williamsport Ferry, Shoversville, Noland's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in the above named States, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY, OHIO, INDIANA, and ILL., at the only authority for Gen. Rosecrans and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The map is very large; its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*"

Lloyd's Great Map of the Mississippi River.—From Actual Surveys by Capts. Bart and Wm Bown; Mississippi River Pilots, of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,350 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States. Price, $1 in sheets. $2, pocket form, and $2,50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 16, 1862.

J. T. Lloyd—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE
FOR SALE.

THE TRUSTEES OF BEAVER ACADEMY desiring to transfer the Male Department of that Institution to another and a less extensive building, offer for sale the property now known as the BEAVER ACADEMY, situate on the corner of third street and the Public Square, in the borough of Beaver.—The lot is of good size. The improvements are a large three story Brick building, with frame attached, and was originally built for a Hotel. It contains upwards of 30 rooms; cellar underneath the whole building. This property, from its location and the character and arrangement of the buildings, is well calculated for a good hotel, and will be sold at a reasonable price and on reasonable terms.

☞ For further information and terms, apply to Rev. D. A. Cunningham, Bridgewater, the undersigned, or any member of the Board of Trustees. By order of the Board.

Beaver, Feb. 24, '62. H. HICE, Sec'y

AYER'S
CHERRY PECTORAL,
FOR THE RAPID CURE OF
Colds, Coughs, and Hoarseness.

BRIDGEFIELD, MASS., 20th Dec., 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER: I do not hesitate to say the best remedy I have ever found for Coughs, Hoarseness, Influenza, and the concomitant symptoms of a Cold, is your CHERRY PECTORAL. Its constant use in my practice and my family for the last ten years has shown it to possess superior virtues for the treatment of these complaints. EBEN KNIGHT, M. D.

A. B. MORTLEY, Esq., of UTICA, N. Y., writes: "I have used your *Pectoral* myself and in my family ever since you invented it, and believe it the best medicine for its purpose ever put out. With a bad cold I should sooner pay twenty-five dollars for a bottle than do without it, or take any other remedy."

Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Feb. 7, 1858.

BROTHER AYER: I will cheerfully certify your *Pectoral* is the best remedy we possess for the cure of whooping cough, croup, and the chest diseases of children. We of your fraternity in the South appreciate your skill, and commend your medicine to our people.

HIRAM CONKLIN, M. D.

AMOS LEE, Esq., MONTERRY, Ia., writes, 3d Jan., 1856: "I had a restless Influenza, which confined me in-doors six weeks; took many medicines without relief; finally tried your *Pectoral* by the advice of our clergyman. The first dose relieved the soreness in my throat and lungs; less than one half the bottle made me completely well. Your medicines are the cheapest as well as the best we can buy, and we esteem you, Doctor, and your remedies, as the poor man's friend."

Asthma or Phthisic, and Bronchitis.

WEST MANCHESTER, Pa., Feb. 4, 1858.

SIR: Your *Cherry Pectoral* is performing marvellous cures in this section. It has relieved several from alarming symptoms of consumption, and is now curing a man who has labored under an affection of the lungs for the last forty years. HENRY L. PARKS, Merchant.

A. A. RAMBEY, M. D., ALBION, MONROE Co., Iowa, writes, Sept. 6, 1855: "During my practice of many years I have found nothing equal to your *Cherry Pectoral* for giving ease and relief to consumptive patients, or curing such as are curable."

We might add volumes of evidence, but the most convincing proof of the virtues of this remedy is found in its effects upon trial.

Consumption.

Probably no one remedy has ever been known which cured so many and such dangerous cases as this. Some no human aid can reach; but even to those the *Cherry Pectoral* affords relief and comfort.

ASTOR HOUSE, NEW YORK CITY, March 5, 1856.

DOCTOR AYER, LOWELL: I feel it a duty and a pleasure to inform you what your *Cherry Pectoral* has done for my wife. She had been five months laboring under the dangerous symptoms of Consumption, from which no aid we could procure gave her much relief. She was steadily failing, until Dr. Strong, of this city, where we have come for advice, recommended a trial of your medicine. We bless his kindness, as we do your skill; for she has recovered from that day. She is not yet as strong as she used to be, but is free from her cough, and calls herself well.

Yours with gratitude and regard,
ORLANDO SHELBY, of SHELBYVILLE.

Consumptives, do not despair till you have tried AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL! It is made by one of the best medical chemists in the world, and its cures all around us bespeak the high merits of its virtues.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

THE sciences of Chemistry and Medicine have been taxed their utmost to produce this best, most perfect purgative which is known to man. Innumerable proofs are shown that these PILLS have virtues which surpass in excellence the ordinary medicines; and that they are precedentedly upon the esteem of all men. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease. They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow distemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart healthy tone with strength to the whole system. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also formidable and dangerous diseases that have baffled the best of human skill. While they produce powerful effects, they are at the same time, in diminished doses, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children. Being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take; and being purely vegetable, are free from any risk of harm. Cures have been made which surpass belief were they not substantiated by men of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians have lent their names to certify to the public the reliability of my remedies, while others have sent me the assurance of their conviction that my Preparations contribute immensely to the relief of my afflicted, suffering fellow-men.

The Agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing directions for their use and certificates of their cures, of the following complaints:—

Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heartburn, Headache arising from a foul stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Morbid Inaction of the Bowels and Pain arising therefrom, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, all Ulcerous and Cutaneous Diseases which require an evacuant medicine, Scrofula or King's Evil. They also, by purifying the blood and stimulating the system, cure many complaints which it would not be supposed they could reach, such as Deafness, Partial Blindness, Neuralgia and Nervous Irritability, Derangements of the Liver and Kidneys, Gout, and other kindred complaints arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with some other pill they make more profit on. Ask for AYER'S PILLS, and take nothing else. No other they can give you compares with this in its intrinsic value or curative powers. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

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ITS loves and hates, sorrows and angers, hopes and fears, regrets and joys; MANHOOD, how lost, how restored; the nature, treatment and radical cure of spermatorrhœa or seminal weakness; involuntary emissions, sexual debility and impediments to marriage generally; nervousness, consumption, fits, mental and physical incapacity, resulting from SELF-ABUSE—are fully explained in the MARRIAGE GUIDE, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This most extraordinary book should be in the hands of every young person contemplating marriage, and every man or woman who desires to limit the number of their offspring to their circumstances. Every pain, disease and ache incidental to youth, maturity and old age, is fully explained; every particle of knowledge that should be known is here given. It is full of engravings. In fact, it discloses secrets that every one should know; still it is a book that must be locked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or postage stamps. Address DR. WM. YOUNG, 416 Spruce st., above Fourth, Philadelphia.

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☞ Office hours from 9 to 3, daily. [mar26

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